TP-LINK®

User Guide

TW-MR3220 3G/4G Wireless N Router



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FCC STATEMENT

FC

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

"To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, this grant is applicable to only Mobile Configurations. The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter."

CE Mark Warning

CE1588

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Canadian Compliance Statement

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause interference, and
- 2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- 1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
- 2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, meme si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

This radio transmitter (IC: 8853A-TL-MR3220/ Model: TL-MR3220) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list (Appendix C), having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device. Le présent émetteur radio (IC: 8853A-XXX/ Model: XXX) a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste (Annexe A), et dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

Délaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20

cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

Industry Canada Statement

CAN ICES-3 (B)/NMB-3(B)

NCC Notice

注意!

依據 低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法

第十二條 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻 率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性或功能。

第十四條 低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通行; 經發現有干擾現象時, 應立即停用, 並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。前項合法通信, 指依電信規定作業之無線電信。低功率射頻電機需忍受合法通信或工業、科學以及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

減少電磁波影響,請妥適使用。

BSMI Notice

安全諮詢及注意事項

- 請使用原裝電源供應器或只能按照本產品注明的電源類型使用本產品。
- 清潔本產品之前請先拔掉電源線。請勿使用液體、噴霧清潔劑或濕布進行清潔。
- 注意防潮,請勿將水或其他液體潑灑到本產品上。
- 插槽與開口供通風使用,以確保本產品的操作可靠並防止過熱,請勿堵塞或覆蓋開口。
- 請勿將本產品置放於靠近熱源的地方。除非有正常的通風,否則不可放在密閉位置中。
- 請不要私自打開機殼,不要嘗試自行維修本產品,請由授權的專業人士進行此項工作。



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Safety Information

- When product has power button, the power button is one of the way to shut off the product; when there is no power button, the only way to completely shut off power is to disconnect the product or the power adapter from the power source.
- Don't disassemble the product, or make repairs yourself. You run the risk of electric shock and voiding the limited warranty. If you need service, please contact us.
- Avoid water and wet locations.
- Adapter shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible. The plug considered as disconnect device of adapter.
- Use only power supplies which are provided by manufacturer and in the original packing of this product.
- Alert to service person

CAUTION

DOUBLE POLE / NEUTRAL FUSING

For EU/EFTA, this product can be used in the following countries:

AT	BE	BG	СН	CY	CZ	DE	DK
EE	ES	FI	FR	GB	GR	HR	HU
IE	IS	IT	LI	LT	LU	LV	MT
NL	NO	PL	PT	RO	SE	SI	SK

Explanation of the symbols on the product label

Symbol	Explanation
	Class II equipment
\sim	AC voltage
	DC voltage
\odot \bullet	Polarity of output terminals
	Indoor use only

4	Hazard live parts
V	Energy efficiency Marking
	Protection earth
	RECYCLING This product bears the selective sorting symbol for Waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE). This means that this product must be handled pursuant to European directive 2012/19/EU in order to be recycled or dismantled to minimize its impact on the environment. User has the choice to give his product to a competent recycling organization or to the retailer when he buys a new electrical or electronic equipment.
(III)	To prevent possible hearing damage, do not listen at high volume levels for long periods.

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DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

For the following equipment: Product Description: 3G/4G Wireless N Router Model No.:TL-MR3220 Trademark: TP-LINK We declare under our own responsibility that the above products satisfy all the technical regulations applicable to the product within the scope of Council Directives: Directives 1999/5/EC, Directives 2004/108/EC, Directives 2006/95/EC, Directives 1999/519/EC, Directives 2011/65/EU The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents EN 300 328 V1.8.1 EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1:2008 & EN 301 489-17 V2.2.1 EN 55022:2010 EN 55024:2010 EN 61000-3-2:2006+A1:2009+A2:2009 EN 61000-3-3:2008 EN60950-1:2006+A11: 2009+A1:2010+A12:2011 EN62311:2008 The product carries the CE Mark:



Person responsible for making this declaration:

Huang Jing Regulatory Compliance Manager

Date of issue: 2015

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Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1 Overview of the Router

TP-LINK understands the need for sharing the 3G/4G connection locally that benefits our end users. We realize the convenience with our latest wireless N 3G/4G Routers ----- they give you the freedom to quickly set up a stable and high speed wireless network, up to 150Mbps, on-the-go and share a 3G/4G connection. By connecting a LTE/HSPA/UMTS/EVDO USB Card to the Router, a Wi-Fi hotspot is instantly established allowing users to share a Internet connection anywhere 3G/4G coverage is available. So whether you're on the train, camping, or at a construction site, you'll have a reliable wireless connection to accommodate your networking needs.

3G/4G and WAN Broadband

The router provides 3G/4G and WAN (xDSL, static IP, or dynamic IP) two kinds of broadband connections to get on the Internet, you can via the Internet no matter at home or outside on business. Automatic 3G/4G and WAN failover feature just provide nonstop internet connection.

Incredibly High Speed

TP-LINK 3G/4G Router provides up to 150Mbps, faster than that of traditional 11g products, surpasses 11G performance enabling the use of high bandwidth-consuming applications such as HD Videos.

Wi-fi Protected Setup

With just pressing on the 'WPS' button, the Router automatically establishes a WPA2 secure connection for solid security in under a minute.

Quality of Service-Qos

QoS acts as a "bandwidth manager" to ensure that those programs that are sensitive to lag are given as much bandwidth as possible to avoid lag. This feature makes an impression immensely when users are streaming video or music and especially when playing online games where lag often means "Game Over".

1.2 Conventions

The router mentioned in this guide stands for TL-MR3220 3G/4G Wireless N Router without any explanation.

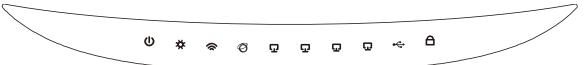
1.3 Main Features

- One 10/100M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 WAN port, four 10/100M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 LAN ports, supporting Auto MDI/MDIX
- > Compatible with LTE/HSPA/UMTS/EVDO USB dongle
- > Automatic 3G/4G / WAN failover
- Wireless N speed up to 150Mbps

- > 1T2R MIMO, CCA technologies deliver greater coverage and higher speed
- > Wireless security encryption easily at a push of "WPS" button
- > WDS wireless bridge provides seamless bridging to expand your wireless network
- > Backward compatible with 802.11b and 802.11g devices
- Provides WPA/WPA2-Enterprise, WPA/WPA2-Personal authentication, TKIP/AES encryption security
- > Supports 3G/4G/Dynamic IP/Static IP/PPPoE/L2TP/PPTP Internet access
- > Supports Virtual Server, Special Application and DMZ host
- > Supports UPnP, Dynamic DNS, Static Routing
- > Provides Automatic-connection and Scheduled Connection on certain time to the Internet
- > Built-in NAT and DHCP server supporting static IP address distributing
- > Connects Internet on demand and disconnects from the Internet when idle for PPPoE
- Provides 64/128/152-bit WEP encryption security and wireless LAN ACL (Access Control List)
- Supports Flow Statistics
- > Supports firmware upgrade and Web management

1.4 Panel Layout

1.4.1 The Front Panel



The Router's LEDs are located on the front panel (View from left to right).

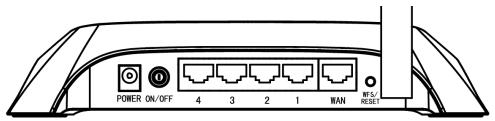
Item	Status	Indication
ଓ (PWR)	On	Power is on.
	Off	Power is off.
	On	The Router is initializing.
# (SYS)	Flashing	The Router is working properly.
	Off	The Router has a system error.
🕱 (WLAN)	Flashing	The Wireless function is enabled.
	Off	The Wireless function is disabled.
	On	A device is linked to the corresponding port but there is no
Ø (WAN)		activity.
☑ (LAN1-4)	Flashing	An active device is linked to the corresponding port.
	Off	No device is linked to the corresponding port.
	On	The USB 3G/4G modem is connected but no data being
⊷ (USB)		transferred.
	Flashing	Data is received or sent through the 3G/4G modem.
	Off	The USB 3G/4G modem is not connected.
	Slow	A wireless device is connecting to the network by WPS
	Flash	function. This process will last in the first 2 minutes.
- (11.6)	On	A wireless device has been successfully added to the network by WPS function.

Quick	A wireless device failed to be added to the network by WPS
Flash	function.

P Note:

After a device is successfully added to the network by WPS function, the WPS LED will keep on for about 5 minutes and then turn off.

1.4.2 The Rear Panel



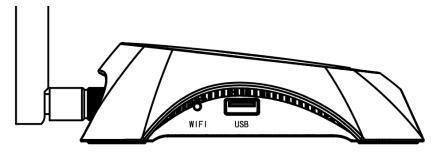
The following parts are located on the rear panel (View from left to right).

- POWER: The Power socket is where you will connect the power adapter. Please use the power adapter provided with this router.
- ON/OFF: The switch is for you to turn on/off the Router, but only with the Router powered on.
- > 4,3,2,1 (LAN): These ports (4,3,2,1) connect the Router to the local PC(s)
- > WAN: This WAN port is where you will connect the DSL/cable Modem, or Ethernet

> WPS/RESET:

There are two ways to reset to the Router's factory defaults:

- Use the Factory Defaults function on "System Tools -> Factory Defaults" page in the Router's Web-based Utility.
- 2) Use the Factory Default **Reset** button: With the Router powered on, use a pin to press and hold the **WPS/RESET** button (about 5 seconds) until the SYS LED becomes quick-flash from slow-flash. And then release the button and wait the Router to reboot to its factory default settings.
- > Wireless antenna: To receive and transmit the wireless data.
- 1.4.3 The Side Panel



The following parts are located on the side plate (View from left to right).

- WIFI: This switch is an easy and convenient operation for you to turn on or off the wireless network.
- > **USB:** Connect to the USB Modem.

Chapter 2. Connecting the Router

2.1 System Requirements

- > Broadband Internet Access Service (DSL/Cable/Ethernet)
- One DSL/Cable Modem that has an RJ45 connector (which is not necessary if the Router is connected directly to the Ethernet.)
- > PCs with a working Ethernet Adapter and an Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors
- > TCP/IP protocol on each PC
- > Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.0, Netscape Navigator 6.0 or above

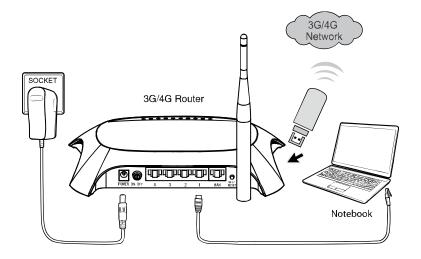
2.2 Installation Environment Requirements

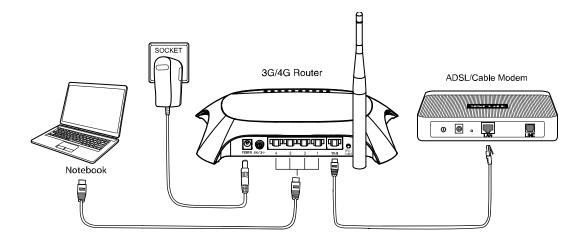
- > Place the Router in a well ventilated place far from any heater or heating vent
- > Avoid direct irradiation of any strong light (such as sunlight)
- > Keep at least 2 inches (5 cm) of clear space around the Router
- > Operating Temperature: 0 $^{\circ}C^{40}C(32^{\circ}F^{104}F)$
- > Operating Humidity: 10%~90%RH, Non-condensing

2.3 Connecting the Router

Before installing the Router, make sure your PC is connected to the Internet through the broadband service successfully. If there is any problem, please contact your ISP. After that, please install the Router according to the following steps. Don't forget to pull out the power plug and keep your hands dry.

- 1. Power off your Cable/DSL Modem, and the Router.
- 2. Locate an optimum location for the Router. The best place is usually at the center of your wireless network. The place must accord with the <u>Installation Environment Requirements</u>.
- 3. Adjust the direction of the antenna. Normally, upright is a good direction.
- 4. Connect the PC(s) or Switch/Hub in your LAN to the LAN Ports of the 3G/4G Router with Ethernet cable.
- 5. The 3G/4G Router supports both 3G/4G and WAN connection; so you can insert 3G/4G USB Modem to the USB port of the Router (as shown in Figure 2-1), or connect the DSL/Cable Modem to the WAN port of the Router (as shown in Figure 2-2). Please visit our website <u>http://www.tp-link.com</u> to get the latest USB modems compatibility, and we recommend you to check whether the modem in your hand has already been tested by us.
- 6. Connect the power adapter to the power socket on the Router, and the other end into an electrical outlet. The Router will start to work automatically.
- 7. Power on your Cable/DSL Modem.





Chapter 3. Quick Installation Guide

This chapter will show you how to configure the basic functions of your 3G/4G Wireless N Router using **Quick Setup** Wizard within minutes.

3.1 TCP/IP Configuration

The default IP address of the 3G/4G Wireless N Router is 192.168.0.1. And the default Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0. These values can be changed as you desire. In this guide, we use all the default values for description.

Connect the local PC to the LAN ports of the Router. And then you can configure the IP address for your PC in the following two ways.

- > Configure the IP address manually
- 1) Set up the TCP/IP Protocol for your PC. If you need instructions as to how to do this, please refer to <u>Appendix B: "Configuring the PC."</u>
- Configure the network parameters. The IP address is 192.168.0.xxx ("xxx" is any number from 2 to 254), Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0, and Gateway is 192.168.0.1 (The Router's default IP address)
- > Obtain an IP address automatically
- Set up the TCP/IP Protocol in "Obtain an IP address automatically" mode on your PC. If you need instructions as to how to do this, please refer to <u>Appendix B: "Configuring the</u> <u>PC."</u>
- 2) Then the built-in DHCP server will assign IP address for the PC.

3.2 Quick Installation Guide

With a Web-based (Internet Explorer or Netscape[®] Navigator) utility, it is easy to configure and manage the 3G/4G Wireless N Router. The Web-based utility can be used on any Windows, Macintosh or UNIX OS with a Web browser.

1. To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser and type in the default address <u>http://192.168.0.1</u> in the address field of the browser.

Address	http://192.168.0.1	▼
	,	

After a moment, a login window will appear, similar to the figure below Enter **admin** for the User Name and Password, both in lower case letters. Then click the **OK** button or press the **Enter** key.

Connect to 192.168.0.1	
TP-LINK Wireless 1	N 3G/4G Router MR3220
<u>U</u> ser name:	😰 admin 🛛 💌
<u>P</u> assword:	•••••
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

Note:

If the above screen does not pop-up, it means that your Web-browser has been set to a proxy. Go to **Tools menu>Internet Options>Connections>LAN Settings**, in the screen that appears, cancel the Using Proxy checkbox, and click **OK** to finish it.

2. After successful login, you can click the **Quick Setup** to quickly configure your Router. Click **Next** to proceed to the next screen.

Quick Setup
The quick setup will tell you how to configure the basic network parameters.
To continue, please click the Next button.
To exit, please click the Exit button.
Exit Next

3. Select a desired **Internet Access** mode and then click **Next**. The configuration for each mode is similar. As follows we will take **3G/4G Only** mode for example.

Quick Setup - Internet Access
The router provides four Internet access mode for you to choose:
36/46 Preferred - Use 3G/4G as the primary access, WAN as a backup.
SG/4G Only - Only use 3G/4G as the access to the Internet.
○WAN Preferred - Use WAN as the primary access, 3G/4G as a backup.
WAN Only - Only use WAN as the access to the Internet.
Back Next

> 3G/4G Preferred

In this mode, the Router will try 3G/4G access first. If 3G/4G access fails and WAN access is valid, or if no 3G/4G USB modem is inserted, the Router would switch to WAN access. Once the Router succeeds to connect to the 3G/4G network, the Router would stop the WAN connection and switch back to 3G/4G access immediately.

> 3G/4G Only

In this mode, the Router will try 3G/4G access only. WAN access is disabled.

> WAN Preferred

In this mode, the Router will try WAN access first. If the WAN access fails and 3G/4G access is valid, the Router would switch to 3G/4G access. Once the Router succeeds to connect to the WAN network, the Router would stop the 3G/4G connection and switch back to WAN access immediately.

> WAN Only

In this mode, the Router will try WAN access only. 3G/4G access is disabled.

4. The next screen will appear as shown below. You need to set the required parameters and then click **Next**.

Quick Setup - 3G/4G		
	the default Dial number / APN is not the latest one, or your ISP requires you to enter a new user I the Dial Number, APN, Username and Password manually and fill in the right ones.	
Location:	USA	
Mobile ISP:	AT&T	
	Default Dial Number: "199#" APN: "broadband"	
Authentication Type:	⊙ Auto O PAP O CHAP	
	Notice: The default is Auto, do not change unless necessary.	
	Set the Dial Number, APN, Username and Password manually	
Dial Number:	*99#	
APN:	broadband	
Username:	WAP@CINGULAR.COM (optional)	
Password:	•••••••• (optional)	
	Back Next	

- > Location Select the location where you're enjoying the 3G/4G card.
- Mobile ISP Select the ISP (Internet Service Provider) you apply to for 3G/4G service. The Router will show the default Dial Number and APN of that ISP. If your ISP is not listed in the Mobile ISP, check the box before Set the Dial Number, APN, Username and Password manually and fill the Dial Number and APN blanks below.
- Authentication Type Some ISPs need a specific authentication type. Please confirm it with your ISP or keep it Auto.
- Dial Number & APN Set these two parameters manually after Set the Dial Number, APN,
 Username and Password manually is checked.
- Username/Password Enter the Username and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are optional but case-sensitive.

5. Configure the Wireless settings on the screen as shown below, then click Next.

Quick Setup - Wirel	ess
Wireless Radio:	Enable 💙
Wireless Network Name:	TP-LINK_2B0909 (Also called the SSID)
Region:	United States
Channel:	Auto 🔽
Mode:	11bgn mixed
Channel Width:	Auto
Wireless Security:	
0	Disable Security
۲	WPA-Personal/WPA2-Personal
Password:	1234567890
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
0	Use the Previous settings
	Back Next

- > Wireless Radio Enable or disable the wireless radio choosing from the pull-down list.
- Wireless Network Name Enter a value of up to 32 characters. The same name of Wireless Network Name (SSID) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network. Considering your wireless network security, the default Wireless Network Name is set to be TP-LINK_XXXXX (XXXXXX indicates the last six unique numbers of each Router's MAC address). This value is case-sensitive. For example, *TEST* is NOT the same as *test*.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.
- Channel This field determines which operating frequency will be used. The default channel is set to Auto, so the AP will choose the best channel automatically. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.
- > **Mode -** This field determines the wireless mode which the Router works on.
- Channel Width Select any channel width from the pull-down list. The default setting is automatic, which can adjust the channel width for your clients automatically.
- > Wireless Security You can select one of the following security options.
 - Disable Security The wireless security function can be enabled or disabled. If disabled, the wireless stations will be able to connect the Router without encryption. It is recommended strongly that you choose one of following options to enable security.
 - WPA-Personal/WPA2-Personal Select WPA based on pre-shared passphrase.
 Password You can enter ASCII or Hexadecimal characters.

For **ASCII**, the key can be made up of any numbers 0 to 9 and any letters A to Z, the length should be between 8 and 63 characters.

For **Hexadecimal**, the key can be made up of any numbers 0 to 9 and letters A to F, the length should be between 8 and 64 characters.

Please also note the key is case sensitive, this means that upper and lower case keys will affect the outcome. It would also be a good idea to write down the key and all related wireless security settings.

• Use the Previous settings - If you choose this option, wireless security configuration will not change!

These settings are only for basic wireless parameters. For advanced settings, please refer to <u>Section 4.6: "Wireless</u>".

6. Click **Finish** or **Reboot** on the Finish page.

If you don't make any changes on the above **Wireless** page, you will see the **Finish** page as shown below. Click the **Finish** button to finish the **Quick Setup**.

Quick Setup - Finish
Congratulations! The Router is now connecting you to the Internet. For detail settings, please click other menus if necessary.
Back Finish

If there is something changed on the above **Wireless** page, you will see the **Finish** page as shown below. Click the **Reboot** button to make your wireless configuration to take effect and finish the **Quick Setup**.

Quick Setup - Finish
Congratulations! The Router is now connecting you to the Internet. For detail settings, please click other menus if necessary. The change of wireless config will not take effect until the Router reboot.
Back Reboot

After the rebooting, please check whether you can access the Internet or not in the <u>4.2 Status</u> page.

Chapter 4. Configuring the Router

This chapter will show each Web page's key functions and the configuration way.

4.1 Login

After your successful login, you will see the fifteen main menus on the left of the Web-based utility. On the right, there are the corresponding explanations and instructions.



The detailed explanations for each Web page's key function are listed below.

4.2 Status

The **Status** page displays the current status information about the Router. All information is read-only.

Status				
Firmware Version:	3.12.11 Build 120423 Re	el.76408n		
Hardware Version:	MR3220 v2 00000000			
LAN				
MAC Address:	00-32-20-2B-03-03			
IP Address:	192.168.0.1			
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0			
Wireless				
Wireless Radio:	Enable			
Name (SSID):	TP-LINK_2B0303			
Channel:	Auto (Current channel 6)			
Mode:	11bgn mixed			
Channel Width:	Automatic			
MAC Address:	00-32-20-2B-03-03			
WDS Status:	Disable			
3G/4G				
3G/4G USB Modem:	Identified			
IP Address:	0.0.0.0			
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0			
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0			
DNS Server:	0.0.0.0,0.0.0.0			
Online Time:	0 day(s) 00:00:00		Disconnect	Connecting
Traffic Statistics				
	ceived	Sent		
Bytes: 0	cervea	0		
Packets: 0		0		
Tucheta. U		0		
System Up Time:	0 days 00:02:23		Refresh	

4.3 Quick Setup

Please refer to Section 3.2: "Quick Installation Guide."

4.4 WPS

This section will guide you to add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly by **WPS** (**W**i-Fi **P**rotected **S**etup) function.

a). Choose menu "**WPS**", you will see the next screen as shown below.

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Se	etup)
WPS Status:	Enabled Disable WPS
Current PIN:	12345670 Restore PIN Gen New PIN
Add A New Device:	Add Device

- > WPS Status Enable or disable the WPS function here.
- Current PIN The current value of the Router's PIN displayed here. The default PIN of the Router can be found in the label or User Guide.
- > **Restore PIN -** Restore the PIN of the Router to its default.
- Gen New PIN Click this button, and then you can get a new random value for the Router's PIN. You can ensure the network security by generating a new PIN.
- Add Device You can add the new device to the existing network manually by clicking this button.
- b). To add a new device:

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) or QSS (Quick Secure Setup), you can establish a wireless connection between wireless adapter and Router by using either Push Button Configuration (PBC) method or PIN method.

PNote:

To build a successful connection by WPS, you should also do the corresponding configuration of the new device for WPS function meanwhile.

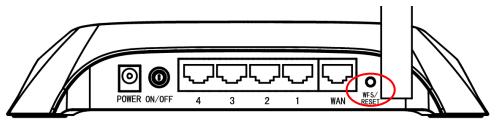
For the configuration of the new device, here takes the Wireless adapter of our company for example.

I. By PBC (Push Button Configuration)

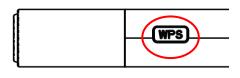
If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup or Quick Secure Setup and the PBC method, you can add it to the network by PBC with the following two methods.

Method One:

Step 1: Press the WPS/RESET button on the rear panel of the Router.



Step 2: Press and hold the WPS or QSS button of the adapter directly for 2 or 3 seconds.



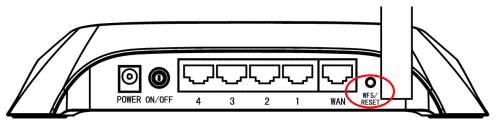
Step 3: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **Finish** to complete the WPS configuration.



The WPS Configuration Screen of wireless adapter

Method Two:

Step 1: Press the **WPS/RESET** button on the rear panel of the Router.



Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose **Push the button on my** access point in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click **Next**.

WPS for Wireless	\mathbf{X}
Join a Wireless Network	
WPS is preparing to join your computer to a wireless network.	
Which setup method do you want to use?	
O Push the button on my access point	
O Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar	
Enter the PIN from my access point	
Push the button on your access point and click Next to continue.	
Automatically select the network	-
< Back Next > Cancel	

The WPS Configuration Screen of wireless adapter

Step 3: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click Finish to complete the WPS

configuration.

🐨 WPS for Wireless	X
WP	S 🔊
Wireless Configuration Completed	
Your computer has successfully joined the	TP-LINK network.
	< <u>B</u> ack Finish Cancel

The WPS Configuration Screen of wireless adapter

Method Three:

Step 1: Keep the default WPS Status as **Enabled** and click the **Add device** button, then the following screen will appear.

Add A New Device
Enter the new device's PIN.
PIN:
• Press the button of the new device in two minutes.
Back Connect

- Step 2: Choose Press the button of the new device in two minutes and click Connect.
- Step 3: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose **Push the button on my access point** in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click **Next**.

WPS for Wireless	×
Join a Wireless Network	
WPS is preparing to join your computer to a wireless network.	
Which setup method do you want to use?	
O Push the button on my access point	
O Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar	
Enter the PIN from my access point	
Push the button on your access point and click Next to continue.	
Automatically select the network 🗹	
	_
< Back Next > Cancel	

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless adapter

Step 4: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **Finish** to complete the WPS configuration.

WPS for Wireless	
Wireless Configuration Completed Your computer has successfully joined the TP-LINK network.	
< Back Finish Cancel	_

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless adapter

II. By PIN

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup or Quick Secure Setup and the PIN method, you can add it to the network by PIN with the following two methods.

Method One: Enter the PIN into my Router

Step 1: Keep the default WPS Status as **Enabled** and click the **Add device** button, then the following screen will appear.

Add A New De	vice
💿 Enter the r	ew device's PIN.
PIN:	
O Press the	utton of the new device in two minutes.
	Back Connect

Step 2: Choose Enter the new device's PIN and enter the PIN code of the wireless adapter in the field behind PIN in the above figure. Then click Connect.

P Note:

The PIN code of the wireless adapter is always displayed on the WPS or QSS configuration screen.

Step 3: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click Next.

WPS for Wireless	×
Join a Wireless Network	
WPS is preparing to join your computer to a wireless network.	
Which setup method do you want to use?	
O Push the button on my access point	
• Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar	
OEnter the PIN from my access point	
Enter the PIL 16952898 hto your access point or external registrar and click Next to continue.	
Automatically select the network 🔽	
	_
< Back Next > Cancel]

The WPS Configuration Screen of wireless adapter

P Note:

In this example, the default PIN code of this adapter is 16952898 as the above figure shown.

Method Two: Enter the PIN from my Router

- Step 1: Get the Current PIN code of the Router i (each Router has its unique PIN code. Here takes the PIN code 12345670 of this Router for example).
- Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose Enter a PIN from my access point in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and enter the PIN code of the Router into the field behind Access Point PIN. Then click Next.

Join a Wireless Network WPS is preparing to join your computer to a wireless network. Which setup method do you want to use? O Push the button on my access point
O Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar
© Enter the PIN from my access point Enter the PIN from your access point below and click Next to continue.
Access Point PIN: 12345670 Automatically select the network
< Back Next > Cancel

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless adapter

Solution Note:

The default PIN code of the Router can be found in its label or the WPS configuration screen as Figure 4-2.

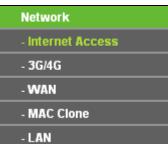
c). You will see the following screen when the new device successfully connected to the network.

Add A New Device
 Enter the new device's PIN.
PIN:
Press the button of the new device in two minutes.
Connect successfully !
Back Connect

Solution Note:

- 1) The status LED on the Router will light green all the time if the device has been successfully added to the network.
- 2) The WPS function cannot be configured if the Wireless Function of the Router is disabled. Please make sure the Wireless Function is enabled before configuring the WPS.

4.5 Network



There are five submenus under the Network menu (as shown above): **Internet Access**, **3G/4G**, **WAN**, **MAC Clone** and **LAN**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.5.1 Internet Access

Choose menu "**Network→Internet Access**", you can configure the access mode on the screen below. The Router is designed to work with either WAN port or 3G/4G USB modem, and supports "automatically take over back up with 3G/4G access" as Ethernet WAN failover.

Internet Access	
The router provides four Internet access mode for you to choose:	
● 3G/4G Preferred - Use 3G/4G as the primary access, WAN as a backup.	
○ 3G/4G Only - Only use 3G/4G as the access to the Internet.	
○WAN Preferred - Use WAN as the primary access, 3G/4G as a backup.	
○WAN Only - Only use WAN as the access to the Internet.	
Save	

> 3G/4G Preferred

In this mode, the Router will try 3G/4G access first;

When 3G/4G access fails and WAN access is valid, or when no 3G/4G USB modem is inserted, the Router would switch to WAN access;

When the Router succeeds to connect to the 3G/4G network, the Router would stop the WAN connection and switch back to 3G/4G access immediately.

> 3G/4G Only

In this mode, the Router will try 3G/4G access only. WAN access is disabled.

> WAN Preferred

In this mode, the Router will try WAN access first;

When the WAN access fails, and 3G/4G access is valid, the Router would switch to 3G/4G access;

When the Router succeeds to connect to the WAN network, the Router would stop the 3G/4G connection and switch back to WAN access immediately.

> WAN Only

In this mode, the Router will try WAN access only. 3G/4G access is disabled.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

Solution Note:

- 1. If you are using the **3G/4G Preferred** or **WAN Preferred**, the Router would connect, disconnect or switch the current access automatically. The **Connect/Disconnect** button (on 3G/4G, PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP) and some related parameters could not be set manually.
- 2. Only when the WAN connection is Dynamic IP, Static IP or PPPoE can the Router support the switch between 3G/4G mode and WAN mode.

4.5.2 3G/4G

Choose menu "**Network**—**3G**/**4G**", you can configure parameters for 3G/4G function on the screen below. To use the 3G/4G function, you should first insert your USB modem on the USB port of the Router. There is already much 3G/4G USB modem information embedded in the Router. The USB modem parameters will be set automatically if the card is supported by the Router. If your USB modem inserted is supported by the Router, then "Identify successfully" will display in the 3G/4G USB Modem field as shown below.

Solution Note:

3G/4G settings are unavailable when the Internet Access mode is set to **WAN Only** mode. Please change settings on <u>Internet Access</u> if you want to use 3G/4G.

3G/4G	
3G/4G USB Modem:	Identified
	or the default Dial number / APN is not the latest one, or your ISP requires you to word, please click Advanced Settings to set them manually.
Location:	USA
Mobile ISP:	AT&T
	5/46 preferred. The Connection Mode and Max Idle Time could not be set manually.
Connection Mode:	 Connect on Demand
	Connect Automatically
	O Connect Manually
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times)
Authentication Type:	Auto OPAP OCHAP Notice: The default is Auto, do not change unless necessary.
	Connect Disconnect Connected
	Advanced Settings Save Modern Settings

- > Location Please select the location where you're enjoying the 3G/4G card.
- Mobile ISP Please select the ISP (Internet Service Provider) you apply to for 3G/4G service. The Router will show the default Dial Number and APN of that ISP.
- Connect on Demand You can configure the Router to disconnect your Internet connection after a specified period of the Internet connectivity (Max Idle Time). If your Internet connection has been terminated due to inactivity, Connect on Demand enables

the Router to automatically re-establish your connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. If you wish to activate **Connect on Demand**, click the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter **0** in the **Max Idle Time** field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet connection terminates.

P Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to **Max Idle Time** because some applications visit the Internet continually in the background.

- Connect Automatically Connect automatically after the Router is disconnected. To use this option, click the radio button.
- Connect Manually You can configure the Router to make it connect or disconnect manually. After a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time), the Router will disconnect your Internet connection, and not be able to re-establish your connection automatically as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. To use this option, click the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter 0 in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number in minutes that you wish to have the Internet connecting last unless a new link requested.

P Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to **Max Idle Time** because some applications visit the Internet continually in the background.

- Authentication Type Some ISPs need a specific authentication type, please confirm it with your ISP or keep it Auto.
 - Auto-The Router will have dynamic negotiation with the dialing server and the Autnentication Type need not to be specified. The default type is Auto.
 - **PAP-**Password Authentication Protocol. This protocol allows the Router to establish authentication with the peer using two handshakes. Select this option if the ISP requires this authentication type.
 - **CHAP-**Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol. This protocol allows the route to establish authentication with the peer using three handshakes and checking the peer identity periodically. Select this option if the ISP requires this authentication type.

Click the **Advanced Settings** button to set up the advanced options in the screen as shown below.

3G/4G Advanced Setti	ngs
Location:	USA
Mobile ISP:	AT&T
	Set the Dial Number and APN and Username and Password manually
Dial Number:	*99#
APN:	broadband
Username:	WAP@CINGULAR. COM (optional)
Password:	(optional)
MTU Size (in bytes):	1480 (The default is 1480, do not change unless necessary)
	Use the following DNS Servers
Primary DNS:	202.96.128.86
Secondary DNS:	202, 96, 134, 133 (Optional)
	Save Back

- Location / Mobile ISP These two fields will display the location and the ISP you have selected in the previous page. While you tick the below option Set the Dial Number and APN manually, there will be no specific information in these two fields.
- Set the Dial Number and APN manually Tick the checkbox and then you are able to fill in the Dial Number and APN blanks below, if your ISP is not listed in the Mobile ISP field in the previous page.
- > Dial Number Enter the Dial Number provided by your ISP.
- > **APN** Enter the APN (Access Point Name) provided by your ISP.
- Username/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- MTU Size The default MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) size is 1480 bytes, which is usually fine. For some ISPs, you need modify the MTU. This should not be done unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP.
- Use the following DNS Servers If your ISP specify a DNS server IP address for you, click the checkbox, and fill the Primary DNS and Secondary DNS blanks below. The Secondary DNS is optional. Otherwise, the DNS servers will be assigned dynamically from ISP.
- Primary DNS (Optional) Enter the DNS IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- Secondary DNS (Optional) Enter another DNS IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

Click the **Back** button to return the previous page.

Click the **Modem Settings** button if your 3G/4G USB Modem is not supported by the Router, and then you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-8. Parameters of your USB modem can be configured on this page.

3G/4G USB Modem Settings			
ID	Vendor	Model	Delete
Add New	Delete All		
		Back	

There is already much 3G/4G USB modem information embedded in the Router. The USB modem parameters will be set automatically if the card is supported by the Router. But when the Router finds the card you just insert "unknown" to it, it will prompt you to set these parameters. The Router can identify your "unknown" card if the correct parameters are in the list. We suggest you to do the "3G/4G USB Modem Setting" only in such circumstance.

To add 3G/4G USB Modem entries, follow the steps below.

- 1. Download a most recent 3G/4G USB modem configuration file from our website (http://www.tp-link.com).
- 2. Click the **Add New...** button in the figure above, and then you will see below.
- 3. Click **Browse...** to select the path name where you save the downloaded file on the computer into the File blank.
- 4. Click the **Upload** button to upload the configuration.

Upload 3G/4G USB Modem Configuration File		
File:	Browse	
	e the router's factory setting, the bin file will be lost.In the event that you do lose the bin file, you will need ad our latest firmware from <u>www.tp-link.com</u> . The updated firmware will be installed into your 3G/4G s functions.	
	Upload Back	

4.5.3 WAN

Choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **WAN**", you can configure the IP parameters of the WAN on the screen below.

P Note:

WAN settings are unavailable when the Internet Access mode is set to 3G/4G Only mode. Please change settings on <u>4.5.1 Internet Access</u> if you want to use WAN.

1. If your ISP provides the DHCP service, please choose **Dynamic IP** type, and the Router will automatically get IP parameters from your ISP.

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	Dynamic IP 🔮 Detect
IP Address:	0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0
	Release
MTU Size (in bytes):	1500 (The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)
	Use These DNS Servers
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
Host Name:	TL-MR3220
	Get IP with Unicast DHCP (It is usually not required.)
	Save

This page will display the WAN IP parameters assigned dynamically by your ISP, including IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, etc. Click the **Renew** button to renew the IP parameters from your ISP. Click the **Release** button to release the IP parameters.

- MTU Size (in bytes) The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Use These DNS Servers If your ISP gives you one or two DNS addresses, select Use These DNS Servers and enter the primary and secondary addresses into the corresponding fields. Otherwise, the DNS servers will be assigned dynamically from your ISP.

P Note:

If you get Address not found error when you access a Web site, it is likely that your DNS servers are set up improperly. You should contact your ISP to get the correct DNS server addresses.

- > Host Name This option specifies the Host Name of the Router.
- Get IP with Unicast DHCP A few ISPs' DHCP servers do not support the broadcast applications. If you cannot get the IP Address normally, you can choose this option. (It is rarely required.)
- 2. If your ISP provides a static or fixed IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway and DNS setting, select **Static IP**. The Static IP settings page will appear, shown below.

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	Static IP 🕑 Detect
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
MTU Size (in bytes):	1500 (The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
	Save
	Save

- > **IP Address -** Enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- Subnet Mask Enter the subnet Mask in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP, usually is 255.255.255.0.
- Default Gateway (Optional) Enter the gateway IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- MTU Size The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Primary/Secondary DNS (Optional) Enter one or two DNS addresses in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- 3. If your ISP provides a PPPoE connection, select **PPPoE/Russia PPPoE** option. And you should enter the following parameters as shown below:

PPPoE/Russia PPPoE 💌 🛛 Detect	
username	
•••••	
••••••	
💿 Disabled 🔿 Dynamic IP 🔿 Static IP (For Dual Access/Russia PPPoE)	
G/4G preferred. The Connection Mode and Max Idle Time could not be set manually.	
Connect on Demand	
Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)	
Connect Automatically	
 Time-based Connecting 	
Period of Time:from 0 : 0 (HH:MM) to 23 : 59 (HH:MM)	
Connect Manually	
Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)	
Connect Disconnect Disconnected!	
Save Advanced	

- User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Secondary Connection It's available only for PPPoE Connection. If your ISP provides an extra Connection type such as Dynamic/Static IP to connect to a local area network, then you can check the radio button of Dynamic/Static IP to activate this secondary connection.
 - **Disabled** The Secondary Connection is disabled by default, so there is PPPoE connection only. This is recommended.
 - **Dynamic IP** You can check this radio button to use Dynamic IP as the secondary connection to connect to the local area network provided by ISP.
 - **Static IP** You can check this radio button to use Static IP as the secondary connection to connect to the local area network provided by ISP.
- Connect on Demand In this mode, the Internet connection can be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again. If you want your Internet connection keeps active all the time, please enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet access disconnects.
- Connect Automatically The connection can be re-established automatically when it was down.
- Time-based Connecting The connection will only be established in the period from the start time to the end time (both are in HH:MM format).

P Note:

Only when you have configured the system time on **System Tools -> Time** page, will the **Time-based Connecting** function can take effect.

Connect Manually - You can click the Connect/ Disconnect button to connect/disconnect immediately. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as Connect on Demand mode. The Internet connection can be disconnected automatically after a specified inactivity period and re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you specify a time to Max Idle Time, since some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

If you want to do some advanced configurations, please click the **Advanced** button, and the page shown below will then appear:

PPPoE Advanced Settings		
MTU Size (in bytes):	1480 (The default is 1480, do not change unless necessary.)	
Service Name: AC Name:		
ISP Specified IP Address:	Use IP address specified by ISP	
Detect Online Interval:	O Seconds (0 ~ 120 seconds, the default is 0, 0 means not detecting.)	
	Use the following DNS Servers	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)	
	Save Back	

- MTU Size The default MTU size is "1480" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Service Name/AC Name The service name and AC (Access Concentrator) name, which should not be configured unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP. In most cases, leaving these fields blank will work.
- ISP Specified IP Address If your ISP does not automatically assign IP addresses to the Router during login, please click "Use IP address specified by ISP" check box and enter the IP address provided by your ISP in dotted-decimal notation.
- Detect Online Interval The Router will detect Access Concentrator online at every interval. The default value is "0". You can input the value between "0" and "120". The value "0" means no detect.
- DNS IP address If your ISP does not automatically assign DNS addresses to the Router during login, please click "Use the following DNS servers" check box and enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation of your ISP's primary DNS server. If a secondary DNS server address is available, enter it as well.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

 If your ISP provides BigPond Cable (or Heart Beat Signal) connection, please select BigPond Cable. And you should enter the following parameters as shown below:

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	BigPond Cable
User Name:	username
Password:	•••••
Auth Server: Auth Domain:	sm-server
Auth Domain.	
MTU Size (in bytes):	1500 (The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)
The current Internet Access is 3	G/4G preferred. The Connection Mode and Max Idle Time could not be set manually.
Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
	Connect Automatically
	Connect Manually
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
	Connect Disconnect Disconnected!
	Save

- User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- > Auth Server Enter the authenticating server IP address or host name.
- Auth Domain Type in the domain suffix server name based on your location.
 e.g.

NSW / ACT - nsw.bigpond.net.au

VIC / TAS / WA / SA / NT - vic.bigpond.net.au

- QLD qld.bigpond.net.au
- MTU Size The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Connect on Demand In this mode, the Internet connection can be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again. If you want your Internet connection keeps active all the time, please enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet access disconnects.
- > Connect Automatically The connection can be re-established automatically when it was

down.

Connect Manually - You can click the Connect/Disconnect button to connect/disconnect immediately. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as Connect on Demand mode. The Internet connection can be disconnected automatically after a specified inactivity period and re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again. Click the Connect button to connect immediately. Click the Disconnect button to disconnect immediately.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you specify a time to Max Idle Time because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background. Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

5. If your ISP provides L2TP connection, please select L2TP/Russia L2TP option. And you should enter the following parameters as shown below:

WAN			
WAN			
WAN Connection Type:	L2TP/Russia L2TP 💙		
User Name:	username		
Password:			
Password.			
	Connect Disconnect Disconnected!		
	💿 Dynamic IP 🔵 Static IP		
Server IP Address/Name:			
IP Address:	0.0.0.0		
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0		
Gateway:	0.0.0.0		
DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0		
Internet IP Address:	0.0.0.0		
Internet DNS:			
internet DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0		
MTU Size (in bytes):	1460 (The default is 1460, do not change unless necessary.)		
The current Internet Access is 36/4	G preferred. The Connection Mode and Max Idle Time could not be set manually.		
Connection Mode:	 Connect on Demand 		
	Connect Automatically		
	Connect Manually		
Mars Lille T			
Max Idle Time:	15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)		
	Save		

- User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Dynamic IP/ Static IP Choose either as you are given by your ISP. Click the Connect button to connect immediately. Click the Disconnect button to disconnect immediately.

- Connect on Demand You can configure the Router to disconnect from your Internet connection after a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time). If your Internet connection has been terminated due to inactivity, Connect on Demand enables the Router to automatically re-establish your connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. If you wish to activate Connect on Demand, click the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter 0 in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet connection terminates.
- Connect Automatically Connect automatically after the Router is disconnected. To use this option, click the radio button.
- Connect Manually You can configure the Router to make it connect or disconnect manually. After a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time), the Router will disconnect from your Internet connection, and you will not be able to re-establish your connection automatically as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. To use this option, click the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number in minutes that you wish to have the Internet connecting last unless a new link is requested.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to **Max Idle Time**, since some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

6. If your ISP provides PPTP connection, please select **PPTP/Russia PPTP** option. And you should enter the following parameters as shown below:

WAN			
WAN Connection Type:	PPTP/Russia PPTP 🕑		
User Name:	usemame		
Password:	•••••		
	Connect Disconnect Disconnected!		
	💿 Dynamic IP 🔿 Static IP		
Server IP Address/Name:			
IP Address:	0.0.0.0		
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0		
Gateway:	0.0.0.0		
DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0		
Internet IP Address:	0.0.0.0		
Internet DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0		
MTU Size (in bytes):	1420 (The default is 1420, do not change unless necessary.)		
The current Internet Access is 3G/4G preferred. The Connection Mode and Max Idle Time could not be set manually.			
Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand		
	 Connect Automatically 		
	🔿 Connect Manually		
Max Idle Time:	15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)		
	Save		

- User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Dynamic IP/ Static IP Choose either as you are given by your ISP and enter the ISP's IP address or the domain name.

If you choose static IP and enter the domain name, you should also enter the DNS assigned by your ISP. And click the **Save** button.

Click the **Connect** button to connect immediately. Click the **Disconnect** button to disconnect immediately.

Connect on Demand - You can configure the Router to disconnect from your Internet connection after a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time). If your Internet connection has been terminated due to inactivity, Connect on Demand enables the Router to automatically re-establish your connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. If you wish to activate Connect on Demand, click the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter 0 in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet connection terminates.

- Connect Automatically Connect automatically after the Router is disconnected. To use this option, click the radio button.
- Connect Manually You can configure the Router to make it connect or disconnect manually. After a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time), the Router will disconnect from your Internet connection, and you will not be able to re-establish your connection automatically as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. To use this option, click the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number in minutes that you wish to have the Internet connecting last unless a new link is requested.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to Max Idle Time, since some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

P Note:

If you don't know how to choose the appropriate connection type, click the **Detect** button to allow the Router to automatically search your Internet connection for servers and protocols. The connection type will be reported when an active Internet service is successfully detected by the Router. This report is for your reference only. To make sure the connection type your ISP provides, please refer to the ISP. The various types of Internet connections that the Router can detect are as follows:

- **PPPoE** Connections which use PPPoE that requires a user name and password.
- Dynamic IP Connections which use dynamic IP address assignment.
- **Static IP -** Connections which use static IP address assignment.

The Router can not detect PPTP/L2TP/BigPond connections with your ISP. If your ISP uses one of these protocols, then you must configure your connection manually.

4.5.4 MAC Clone

Choose menu "**Network→MAC Clone**", you can configure the MAC address of the WAN on the screen below:

MAC Clone		
WAN MAC Address:	40-61-86-FC-70-FD	Restore Factory MAC
Your PC's MAC Address:	40-61-86-FC-70-FD	Clone MAC Address
	Save	

Some ISPs require that you register the MAC Address of your adapter. Changes are rarely needed here.

WAN MAC Address - This field displays the current MAC address of the WAN port. If your ISP requires you to register the MAC address, please enter the correct MAC address into this field in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format(X is any hexadecimal digit). Your PC's MAC Address - This field displays the MAC address of the PC that is managing the Router. If the MAC address is required, you can click the Clone MAC Address button and this MAC address will fill in the WAN MAC Address field.

Click **Restore Factory MAC** to restore the MAC address of WAN port to the factory default value.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

P Note:

Only the PCs on your LAN can use the MAC Address Clone function.

4.5.5 LAN

Choose menu "**Network→LAN**", you can configure the IP parameters of the LAN on the screen as below.

LAN	
MAC Address:	00-32-20-2B-09-09
IP Address:	192.168.0.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 💌
	Save

- MAC Address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the LAN. The value can't be changed.
- IP Address Enter the IP address of your Router or reset it in dotted-decimal notation (factory default: 192.168.0.1).
- Subnet Mask An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally use 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.

Solution Note:

- 1) If you change the IP Address of LAN, you must use the new IP Address to login the Router.
- 2) If the new LAN IP Address you set is not in the same subnet, the IP Address pool of the DHCP server will change accordingly at the same time, while the Virtual Server and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured.

4.6 Wireless

Wireless
- Wireless Settings
- Wireless Security
- Wireless MAC Filtering
- Wireless Advanced
- Wireless Statistics

There are five submenus under the Wireless menu (shown above): Wireless Settings, Wireless Security, Wireless MAC Filtering, Wireless Advanced and Wireless Statistics.

Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.6.1 Wireless Settings

Choose menu "Wireless → Wireless Settings", you can configure the basic settings for the wireless network on this page.

ireless Network Name:	TP-LINK_280303	(Also called the SSID)
Region:	United States 🛛 👻	
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct co Incorrect settings may cause in	
Channel:	Auto 💌	
Mode:	11bgn mixed 🛛 🖌 🖌	
Channel Width:	Auto 💌	
	💌 Enable Wireless Router F	Radio
	Enable SSID Broadcast	
	Enable WDS Bridging	

- Wireless Network Name Enter a value of up to 32 characters. The same name of Wireless Network Name must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network. Considering your wireless network security, the default Wireless Network Name is set to be TP-LINK_XXXXX (XXXXXX indicates the last six unique numbers of each Router's MAC address). This value is case-sensitive. For example, *TEST* is NOT the same as *test*.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.

When you select your local region from the pull-down list, click the **Save** button, then the Note Dialog appears. Click **OK**.



Note Dialog

Note:

Limited by local law regulations, version for North America does not have region selection option.

Channel - This field determines which operating frequency will be used. The default channel is set to Auto, so the AP will choose the best channel automatically. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.

Mode - Select the desired mode. The default setting is 11bgn mixed.
 11b only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11b.
 11g only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11g.
 11n only- Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.
 11bg mixed - Select if you are using both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients.
 11bgn mixed - Select if you are using a mix of 802.11b, 11g, and 11n wireless clients.
 Select the desired wireless mode. When 802.11g mode is selected, only 802.11g wireless stations can connect to the Router. When 802.11n mode is selected, only 802.11n wireless stations can connect to the AP. It is strongly recommended that you set the Mode to 802.11b&g&n, and all of 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n wireless stations can connect to the AP.

Channel width - Select any channel width from the pull-down list. The default setting is automatic, which can adjust the channel width for your clients automatically.

P Note:

If **11b** only, **11g** only, or **11bg** mixed is selected in the **Mode** field, the **Channel Width** selecting field will turn grey and the value will become 20M, which is unable to be changed.

- Enable Wireless Router Radio The wireless radio of this Router can be enabled or disabled to allow wireless stations access.
- Enable SSID Broadcast When wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, they will detect the SSID broadcast by the Router. If you select the Enable SSID Broadcast checkbox, the Wireless Router will broadcast its name (SSID) on the air.
- Enable WDS Bridging Check this box to enable WDS Bridging. With this function, the Router can bridge two or more WLANs. If this checkbox is selected, you will have to set the following parameters as shown below. Make sure the following settings are correct.

	Enable WDS Bridging		
SSID(to be bridged):			
BSSID(to be bridged):		Example:00-1D-0F-11-22-33	
	Survey		
Key type:	None	*	
WEP Index:	1	*	
Auth type:	open	*	
Password:			

- SSID(to be bridged) The SSID of the AP your Router is going to connect to as a client. You can also use the search function to select the SSID to join.
- BSSID(to be bridged) The BSSID of the AP your Router is going to connect to as a client. You can also use the search function to select the BSSID to join.
- **Survey** Click this button, you can search the AP which runs in the current channel.

- Key type This option should be chosen according to the AP's security configuration.
 It is recommended that the security type is the same as your AP's security type.
- WEP Index This option should be chosen if the key type is WEP(ASCII) or WEP(HEX). It indicates the index of the WEP key.
- Auth Type This option should be chosen if the key type is WEP(ASCII) or WEP(HEX). It indicates the authorization type of the Root AP.
- Password If the AP your Router is going to connect needs password, you need to fill the password in this blank.

4.6.2 Wireless Security

Choose menu "**Wireless → Wireless Security**", you can configure the security settings of your wireless network.

There are five wireless security modes supported by the Router: WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy), WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)/WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2) - Enterprise, WPA/WPA 2 – Personal.

Wireless Security		
O Disable Security		
O WEP		
Type:	Automatic 🗸	
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal 🗸	
Key Selected	WEP Key (Password)	Кеу Туре
Key 1: 💿		Disabled 💌
Key 2: 🔘		Disabled 💌
Key 3: 🔘		Disabled 🛩
Key 4: 🔘		Disabled 💌
 WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise Version: Encryption: Radius Server IP: Radius Port: Radius Password: Group Key Update Period: 	Automatic Automatic	ior default port 1812) imum is 30, 0 means no update)
WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Relation)	ecommended)	-
Version:	Automatic(Recommended)	
Encryption:	AES	
Password:	1234567890	
Group Key Update Period:		between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64. It default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update
	Save	

- Disable Security If you do not want to use wireless security, select this check box, but it's strongly recommended to choose one of the following modes to enable security.
- > WEP It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard. If you select this check box, you will find a

notice in red as show below.

• WEP		
Туре:	Automatic 🖌 🖌	
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal 💌	
Key Selected	WEP Key (Password)	Кеу Туре
Key 1: 💿		Disabled 🐱
Key 2: 🔘		Disabled 💌
Key 3: 🔘		Disabled 💌
Key 4: 🔘		Disabled 💌
		he WEP encryption if the device operates in hat WEP is not supported by 802.11n specification.

- Type you can choose the type for the WEP security on the pull-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select Open System or Shared Key authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
- WEP Key Format Hexadecimal and ASCII formats are provided. Hexadecimal format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) in the specified length. ASCII format stands for any combination of keyboard characters in the specified length.
- WEP Key (Password)- Select which of the four keys will be used and enter the matching WEP key that you create. Make sure these values are identical on all wireless stations in your network.
- **Key Type** You can select the WEP key length (64-bit, or 128-bit, or 152-bit.) for encryption. "Disabled" means this WEP key entry is invalid.

64-bit - You can enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 5 ASCII characters.

128-bit - You can enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 13 ASCII characters.

152-bit - You can enter 32 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 16 ASCII characters.

Note:

If you do not set the key, the wireless security function is still disabled even if you have selected Shared Key as Authentication Type.

- > WPA /WPA2 Enterprise It's based on Radius Server.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA security on the pull-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 (WPA version 2) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption You can select either Automatic, or TKIP or AES.

Note:

If you check the **WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise** radio button and choose TKIP encryption, you will find a notice in red as shown below.

WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise	
Version:	Automatic 💌
Encryption:	
Radius Server IP:	
Radius Port:	1812 (1-65535, 0 stands for default port 1812)
Radius Password:	
Group Key Update Period:	0 (in second, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
	We do not recommend using the TKIP encryption if the device operates in 802.11n mode due to the fact that TKIP is not supported by 802.11n specification.

- Radius Server IP Enter the IP address of the Radius Server.
- Radius Port Enter the port that radius service used.
- Radius Password Enter the password for the Radius Server.
- **Group Key Update Period** Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.
- WPA/WPA2 Personal (Recommended) It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on pre-shared passphrase.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA-Personal security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA-Personal (Pre-shared key of WPA) or WPA2-Personal (Pre-shared key of WPA) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption When WPA-Personal or WPA is set as the Authentication Type, you can select either Automatic, or TKIP or AES as Encryption.

Note:

If you check the **WPA/WPA2 – Personal (Recommended)** radio button and choose TKIP encryption, you will find a notice in red as shown below

Version:	Automatic(Recommended)
Encryption:	ТКІР
Password:	
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	0 Seconds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
	We do not recommend using the TKIP encryption if the device operates in 802,11n mode due to the fact that TKIP is not supported by 802,11n specification.

- **Password** You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 characters or 8 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.
- Group Key Update Period Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.

Be sure to click the **Save** button to save your settings on this page.

4.6.3 Wireless MAC Filtering

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless MAC Filtering", you can control the wireless access by configuring the Wireless MAC Address Filtering function, shown below

	Wireless MAC Filtering				
	Wireless MAC Filtering: Disabled Enable				
F	Filtering Rules				
	Oeny the stations specified and the stations of the station of	ied by any enabled en	tries in the list to access.		
	Allow the stations specif	ied by any enabled en	tries in the list to access.		
ID	MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify	
ID 1	MAC Address 00-0A-EB-00-07-8A	Status Enabled	Description Wireless station A	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>	
1			-	-	

To filter wireless users by MAC Address, click Enable. The default setting is Disabled.

- > MAC Address The wireless station's MAC address that you want to filter.
- > Status The status of this entry either Enabled or Disabled.
- **Description -** A simple description of the wireless station.

Click the Enable All button to make all entries enabled.

Click the **Disable All** button to make all entries disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page.

Click the **Previous** button to return to the previous page.

To Add a Wireless MAC Address filtering entry, click the **Add New...** button. The **"Add or Modify Wireless MAC Address Filtering entry**" page will appear, shown below

Add or Modify Wireless MAC /	Address Filtering entry
MAC Address:	
Description:	
Status:	Enabled 💌
	Save Back

To add or modify a MAC Address Filtering entry, follow these instructions:

- Enter the appropriate MAC Address into the MAC Address field. The format of the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). For example: 00-0A-EB-00-07-8A.
- 2. Enter a simple description of the wireless station in the **Description** field. For example: Wireless station A.
- 3. Status Select Enabled or Disabled for this entry on the Status pull-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save this entry.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

For example: If you desire that the wireless station A with MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-07-8A and the wireless station B with MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-23-11 are able to access the Router, but all the other wireless stations cannot access the Router, you can configure the **Wireless MAC Filtering** list by following these steps:

- 1. Click the **Enable** button to enable this function.
- 2. Select the radio button: Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access for Filtering Rules.
- 3. Delete all or disable all entries if there are any entries already.
- Click the Add New... button and enter the MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-07-8A /00-0A-EB-00-23-11 in the MAC Address field, then enter wireless station A/B in the Description field, while select Enabled in the Status pull-down list. Finally, click the Save and the Back button.

The filtering rules that configured should be similar to the following list:

F	Filtering Rules				
	Deny the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access.				
	Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access.				
ID	MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify	
1	00-0A-EB-00-07-8A	Enabled	wireless station A	Modify Delete	
2	00-0A-EB-00-23-11	Enabled	wireless station B	Modify Delete	

4.6.4 Wireless Advanced

Choose menu "Wireless → Wireless Advanced", you can configure the advanced settings of your wireless network.

Wireless Advanced		
Beacon Interval :	100	(40-1000)
RTS Threshold:	2346	(256-2346)
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346	(256-2346)
DTIM Interval:	1	(1-255)
	🗹 Enab	le WMM
	🗹 Enab	le Short Gl
	📃 Enabl	e AP Isolation
	Sav	/e

- Beacon Interval Enter a value between 20-1000 milliseconds for Beacon Interval here. The beacons are the packets sent by the Router to synchronize a wireless network. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons. The default value is 100.
- RTS Threshold Here you can specify the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold. If the packet is larger than the specified RTS Threshold size, the Router will send RTS frames to a particular receiving station and negotiate the sending of a data frame. The default value is 2346.
- Fragmentation Threshold This value is the maximum size determining whether packets will be fragmented. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance since excessive packets. 2346 is the default setting and is recommended.
- DTIM Interval This value determines the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the Router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. You can specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, which indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.
- Enable WMM WMM function can guarantee the packets with high- priority messages being transmitted preferentially. It is strongly recommended enabled.
- Enable Short GI This function is recommended for it will increase the data capacity by reducing the guard interval time.
- Enabled AP Isolation This function can isolate wireless stations on your network from each other. Wireless devices will be able to communicate with the Router but not with each other. To use this function, check this box. AP Isolation is disabled by default.

Note:

If you are not familiar with the setting items in this page, it's strongly recommended to keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

4.6.5 Wireless Statistics

Choose menu "Wireless → Wireless Statistics", you can see the MAC Address, Current Status, Received Packets and Sent Packets for each connected wireless station.

Wire	less Statistics			
Current	Connected Wireless Statio	ns numbers: 1	Refresh	
ID	MAC Address	Current Status	Received Packets	Sent Packets
1	00-0A-EB-88-34-75	STA-ASSOC	416	2
		Previous	Next	

- > **MAC Address -** The connected wireless station's MAC address
- > Current Status The connected wireless station's running status, one of STA-AUTH /

STA-ASSOC / STA-JOINED / WPA-Enterprise / WPA-Personal / WPA2-Enterprise / WPA2-Personal / AP-UP / AP-DOWN / Disconnected

- > Received Packets Packets received by the station
- > Sent Packets Packets sent by the station

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current connected wireless stations, click on the **Refresh** button.

If the numbers of connected wireless stations go beyond one page, click the **Next** button to go to the next page and click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

Solution Note:

This page will be refreshed automatically every 5 seconds.

4.7 DHCP



There are three submenus under the DHCP menu (shown above):**DHCP Settings**, **DHCP Clients List** and **Address Reservation.** Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.7.1 DHCP Settings

Choose menu "**DHCP** \rightarrow **DHCP Settings**", you can configure the DHCP Server on the page (shown below). The Router is set up by default as a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which provides the TCP/IP configuration for all the PC(s) that are connected to the Router on the LAN.

DHCP Settings		
DHCP Server:	🔿 Disable 💿 Enable	
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100	
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199	
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes (1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)	
Default Gateway:	192.168.0.1 (optional)	
Default Domain:	(optional)	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (optional)	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (optional)	
	Save	

- DHCP Server Enable or Disable the DHCP server. If you disable the Server, you must have another DHCP server within your network or else you must configure the computer manually.
- Start IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to start with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.100 is the default start address.

- End IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to end with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.199 is the default end address.
- Address Lease Time The Address Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the Router with their current dynamic IP Address. Enter the amount of time in minutes and the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP Address. After the time is up, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The range of the time is 1 ~ 2880 minutes. The default value is 120 minutes.
- Default Gateway (Optional.) Suggest to input the IP address of the LAN port of the Router, default value is 192.168.0.1
- > **Default Domain -** (Optional.) Input the domain name of your network.
- Primary DNS (Optional.) Input the DNS IP address provided by your ISP. Or consult your ISP.
- Secondary DNS (Optional.) Input the IP address of another DNS server if your ISP provides two DNS servers.

P Note:

Only when the DHCP Server function of the Router is enabled, can all computers on the LAN configured to be "Obtain an IP Address automatically" mode work properly.

4.7.2 DHCP Clients List

Choose menu "**DHCP** \rightarrow **DHCP Clients List**", you can view the information about the clients attached to the Router in the next screen (shown below).

C	HCP Clients List			
ID	Client Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP	Lease Time
1	tplink29257	40-61-86-FC-70-FD	192.168.0.100	01:45:55
		Refresh		

- > **ID** The index of the DHCP Client
- > **Client Name -** The name of the DHCP client
- > MAC Address The MAC address of the DHCP client
- > Assigned IP The IP address that the Router has allocated to the DHCP client.
- Lease Time The time of the DHCP client leased. After the dynamic IP address has expired, a new dynamic IP address will be automatically assigned to the user.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current attached devices, click the **Refresh** button.

4.7.3 Address Reservation

Choose menu "DHCP→Address Reservation", you can view and add a reserved addresses for clients via the next screen (shown below). When you specify a reserved IP address for a PC on the LAN, that PC will always receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. Reserved IP addresses should be assigned to the servers that require permanent IP settings.

Addr	ress Reservation			
ID 1	MAC Address 00-0A-EB-00-23-11	Reserved IP Address 192.168.0.100	Status Enabled	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>
Add N	New Enable All	Disable All Delete	All	
		Previous Next		

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the PC for which you want to reserve IP address.
- > Reserved IP Address The IP address of the Router reserved.
- > Status The status of this entry either Enabled or Disabled.

Click the Enable All/ Disable All button to make all entries enabled/disabled

Click the Delete All button to delete all entries

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and Click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

To Reserve IP addresses:

- 1. Click the **Add New ...** button. (Pop-up the figure below)
- 2. Enter the MAC address (in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format.) and IP address in dotted-decimal notation of the computer you wish to add.
- 3. Click the **Save** button when finished.

Add or Modify an Address Reservation Entry		
MAC Address:		
Reserved IP Address:		
Status:	Enabled 💙	
	Save Back	

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

4.8 Forwarding

V
- Virtual Servers
- Port Triggering
- DMZ
- UPnP

There are four submenus under the Forwarding menu (shown above): **Virtual Servers**, **Port Triggering**, **DMZ** and **UPnP**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.8.1 Virtual Servers

Choose menu "**Forwarding**→**Virtual Servers**", you can view and add virtual servers in the next screen (shown below). Virtual servers can be used for setting up public services on your LAN, such as DNS, Email and FTP. A virtual server is defined as a service port, and all requests from the Internet to this service port will be redirected to the computer specified by the server IP. Any PC that was used for a virtual server must have a static or reserved IP Address because its IP Address may be changed when using the DHCP function.

Virtual Serve	rs				
ID Service Port	Internal Port	IP Address	Protocol	Status	Modify
Add New	Enable All Dis	able All Deli	ete All		
	Previou	s Next			

- Service Port The numbers of External Ports. You can type a service port or a range of service ports (in XXX – YYY format, XXX is the start port number, YYY is the end port number).
- Internal Port The Internal Service Port number of the PC running the service application.
- > **IP Address -** The IP Address of the PC providing the service application.
- Protocol The protocol used for this application, either TCP, UDP, or All (all protocols supported by the Router).
- > Status The status of this entry either **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

To setup a virtual server entry:

- 1. Click the Add New... button. (pop-up Figure 4-36)
- Select the service you want to use from the Common Service Port list. If the Common Service Port list does not have the service that you want to use, type the number of the service port or service port range in the Service Port box.
- 3. Leave the **Internal Port** blank if it is the same as the **Service Port**, or enter a specific port number when **Service Port** is a single one.

- 4. Enter the IP Address of the computer in the IP Address box.
- 5. Select the protocol used for this application, either TCP or UDP, or All.
- 6. Select the **Enable** check box to enable the virtual server.
- 7. Click the Save button.

Add or Modify a Virtu	al Server Entry
Service Port:	(XX-XX or XX)
Internal Port:	(XX, Only valid for single Service Port or leave a blank)
IP Address:	
Protocol:	ALL
Status:	Enabled 💌
Common Service Port:	Select One
	Save Back

Solution Note:

If your computer or server has more than one type of available service, please select another service, and enter the same IP Address for that computer or server.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable All/ Disable All button to make all entries enabled/ disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

Solution Note:

If you set the service port of the virtual server as 80, you must set the Web management port on **"Security -> Remote Management**" page to be any other value except 80 such as 8080. Otherwise there will be a conflict to disable the virtual server.

4.8.2 Port Triggering

Choose menu "**Forwarding**→**Port Triggering**", you can view and add port triggering in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-37). Some applications require multiple connections, like Internet games, video conferencing, Internet calling and so on. These applications cannot work with a pure NAT Router. Port Triggering is used for some of these applications that can work with an NAT Router.

Port Trigge	ring						
ID Trigger Port	Trigger Protocol	Incoming Port	Incoming Protocol	Status	Modify		
1 554	ALL	8970-8999	ALL	Enabled	Modify Delete		
Add New Enable All Disable All Delete All							
			Next				

Once the Router is configured, the operation is as follows:

- 1. A local host makes an outgoing connection using a destination port number defined in the Trigger Port field.
- 2. The Router records this connection, opens the incoming port or ports associated with this entry in the Port Triggering table, and associates them with the local host.
- 3. When necessary the external host will be able to connect to the local host using one of the ports defined in the **Incoming Ports** field.
- Trigger Port The port for outgoing traffic. An outgoing connection using this port will "Trigger" this rule.
- Trigger Protocol The protocol used for Trigger Ports, either TCP, UDP, or All (all protocols supported by the Router).
- Incoming Port The port or port range used by the remote system when it responds to the outgoing request. A response using one of these ports will be forwarded to the PC that triggered this rule. You can input at most 5 groups of ports (or port section). Every group of ports must be set apart with ",". For example, 2000-2038, 2050-2051, 2085, 3010-3030.
- Incoming Protocol The protocol used for Incoming Ports Range, either TCP or UDP, or
 ALL (all protocols supported by the Router).
- > Status The status of this entry either **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

Click the **Enable All** button to make all entries enabled Click the **Disabled All** button to make all entries disabled. Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries

To add a new rule, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button, the next screen will pop-up as shown in Figure 4-38.
- Select a common application from the Common Applications drop-down list, then the Trigger Port field and the Incoming Ports field will be automatically filled. If the Common Applications do not have the application you need, enter the Trigger Port and the Incoming Ports manually.
- 3. Select the protocol used for Trigger Port from the **Trigger Protocol** drop-down list, either **TCP**, **UDP**, or **All**.
- 4. Select the protocol used for Incoming Ports from the Incoming Protocol drop-down list,

either TCP or UDP, or All.

- 5. Select **Enable** in **Status** field.
- 6. Click the **Save** button to save the new rule.

Add or Modify a Port	Triggering Entry
Trigger Port:	
Trigger Protocol:	ALL 💌
Incoming Ports:	
Incoming Protocol:	ALL 💌
Status:	Enabled 💌
Common Applications:	Select One
	Save Back

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Note:

- 1) When the trigger connection is released, the according opening ports will be closed.
- Each rule allowed to be used only by one host on LAN synchronously. The trigger connection of other hosts on LAN will be refused.
- 3) Incoming Port Range cannot overlap each other.

4.8.3 DMZ

Choose menu "**Forwarding** \rightarrow **DMZ**", you can view and configure DMZ host in the screen (shown in Figure 4-39). The DMZ host feature allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing. DMZ host forwards all the ports at the same time. Any PC whose port is being forwarded must have its DHCP client function disabled and should have a new static IP Address assigned to it because its IP Address may be changed when using the DHCP function.

DMZ	
Current DMZ Status: DMZ Host IP Address:	Enable O Disable 192.168.0.100
	Save

Figure 4-1 DMZ

To assign a computer or server to be a DMZ server:

- 1. Click the **Enable** radio button.
- 2. Enter the local host IP Address in the **DMZ Host IP Address** field.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

P Note:

After you set the DMZ host, the firewall related to the host will not work.

4.8.4 UPnP

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow UPnP", you can view the information about UPnP(Universal Plug and Play) in the screen (shown below). The UPnP feature allows the devices, such as Internet computers, to access the local host resources or devices as needed. UPnP devices can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN.

UPn	UPnP							
Current	Current UPnP Status: Enabled Disable							
Cur	rent UPnP Setting	gs List						
ID	App Description	External Port	Protocol	Internal Port	IP Address	Status		
1	iC5353	5353	UDP	5353	192.168.0.101	Enabled		
	Refresh							

- Current UPnP Status UPnP can be enabled or disabled by clicking the Enable or Disable button. As allowing this may present a risk to security, this feature is enabled by default.
- > Current UPnP Settings List This table displays the current UPnP information.
 - App Description -The description provided by the application in the UPnP request
 - External Port External port, which the Router opened for the application.
 - Protocol Shows which type of protocol is opened.
 - Internal Port Internal port, which the Router opened for local host.
 - IP Address The UPnP device that is currently accessing the Router.
 - **Status** The port's status displayed here. "Enabled" means that port is still active. Otherwise, the port is inactive.

Click Refresh to update the Current UPnP Settings List.

4.9 Security

Security	
- Basic Security	
- Advanced Security	
- Local Management	
- Remote Management	

There are four submenus under the Security menu as shown above: **Basic Security**, **Advanced Security**, **Local Management** and **Remote Management**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.9.1 Basic Security

Choose menu "Security \rightarrow Basic Security", you can configure the basic security in the screen as shown below.

Basic Security	
Firewall	
SPI Firewall:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
VPN	
PPTP Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable
L2TP Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
IPSec Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
ALG	
FTP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
TFTP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
H323 ALG:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
RTSP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable
	Save

- Firewall A firewall protects your network from the outside world. Here you can enable or disable the Router's firewall.
 - **SPI Firewall** SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol. SPI Firewall is enabled by factory default. If you want all the computers on the LAN exposed to the outside world, you can disable it.
- VPN VPN Passthrough must be enabled if you want to allow VPN tunnels using IPSec, PPTP, or L2TP protocols to pass through the Router's firewall.

- **PPTP Passthrough** Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) allows the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) to be tunneled through an IP network. To allow PPTP tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enable**.
- **L2TP Passthrough -** Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is the method used to enable Point-to-Point sessions via the Internet on the Layer 2 level. To allow L2TP tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enable**.
- **IPSec Passthrough** Internet Protocol Security (IPSec) is a suite of protocols for ensuring private, secure communications over Internet Protocol (IP) networks, through the use of cryptographic security services. To allow IPSec tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enable**.
- ALG It is recommended to enable Application Layer Gateway (ALG) because ALG allows customized Network Address Translation (NAT) traversal filters to be plugged into the gateway to support address and port translation for certain application layer "control/data" protocols such as FTP, TFTP, H323, RTSP etc.
 - FTP ALG Select Enable, to allow FTP servers to operate properly.
 - **TFTP ALG -** Select **Enable**, to allow TFTP servers to operate properly.
 - H323 ALG Select Enable, to allow H323 services to operate properly.
 - **RTSP ALG -** Select **Enable**, to allow RTSP services to operate properly.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4.9.2 Advanced Security

Choose menu "Security \rightarrow Advanced Security", you can protect the Router from being attacked by TCP-SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP-Flood in the screen as shown below.

Advanced Security				
Packets Statistics Interval (5 \sim 60):	10 Seconds			
DoS Protection:	⊙Disable ○Enable			
Enable ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering				
ICMP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	50 Packets/s			
Enable UDP-FLOOD Filtering				
UDP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	500 Packets/s			
Enable TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering				
TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	50 Packets/s			
Ignore Ping Packet From WAN Port				
Forbid Ping Packet From LAN Port				
Save Blocked DoS Host List				

- Packets Statistics Interval (5~60) The default value is 10. Select a value between 5 and 60 seconds from the drop-down list. The Packets Statistics Interval value indicates the time section of the packets statistics. The result of the statistics is used for analysis by SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP-Flood.
- DoS Protection Denial of Service protection. Check the Enable or Disable button to enable or disable the DoS protection function. Only when it is enabled, will the flood filters be enabled.
- Enable ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering Enable or Disable the ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering.
- ICMP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 50. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current ICMP-FLOOD Packets number is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.
- > Enable UDP-FLOOD Filtering Enable or Disable the UDP-FLOOD Filtering.
- UDP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 500. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current UPD-FLOOD Packets number is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.
- Enable TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering Enable or Disable the TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering.

- TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 50. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets numbers is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.
- Ignore Ping Packet From WAN Port Enable or Disable Ignore Ping Packet From WAN Port. The default setting is disabled. If enabled, the ping packet from the Internet cannot access the Router.
- Forbid Ping Packet From LAN Port Enable or Disable Forbid Ping Packet From LAN Port. The default setting is disabled. If enabled, the ping packet from LAN cannot access the Router. This function can be used to defend against some viruses.

Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

Click the **Blocked DoS Host List** button to display the DoS host table by blocking.

4.9.3 Local Management

Choose menu "Security \rightarrow Local Management", you can configure the management rule in the screen as shown below. The management feature allows you to deny computers in LAN from accessing the Router.

Local Management	
Management Rules	
All the PCs on the L	AN are allowed to access the Router's Web-Based Utility
Only the PCs listed	can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks
MAC 1:	
MAC 2:	
MAC 3:	
MAC 4:	
Your PC's MAC Address:	00-19-66-80-53-BD Add
	Save

By default, the radio button "All the PCs on the LAN are allowed to access the Router's Web-Based Utility" is checked. If you want to allow PCs with specific MAC Addresses to access the Setup page of the Router's Web-Based Utility locally from inside the network, check the radio button "Only the PCs listed can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks", and then enter each MAC Address in a separate field. The format for the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). Only the PCs with MAC address listed can use the password to browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks while all the others will be blocked.

After click the **Add** button, your PC's MAC Address will be placed in the list above.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

Solution Note:

If your PC is blocked but you want to access the Router again, use a pin to press and hold the

RESET Button on the rear panel for about 5 seconds to reset the Router's factory defaults on the Router's Web-Based Utility.

4.9.4 Remote Management

Choose menu "Security \rightarrow Remote Management", you can configure the Remote Management function in the screen as shown below. This feature allows you to manage your Router from a remote location via the Internet.

Remote Management		
Web Management Port:	80	
Remote Management IP Address:	0.0.0.0 (Enter	255.255.255.255 for all)
	Save	

- Web Management Port Web browser access normally uses the standard HTTP service port 80. This Router's default remote management web port number is 80. For greater security, you can change the remote management web port to a custom port by entering that number in the box provided. Choose a number between 1 and 65534 but do not use the number of any common service port.
- Remote Management IP Address This is the current address you will use when accessing your Router from the Internet. This function is disabled when the IP address is set to the default value of 0.0.0.0. To enable this function change 0.0.0.0 to a valid IP address. If set to 255.255.255.255, then all the hosts can access the Router from internet.

P Note:

- 1) To access the Router, you should type your Router's WAN IP address into your browser's address (in IE) or Location (in Navigator) box, followed by a colon and the custom port number. For example, if your Router's WAN address is 202.96.12.8, and the port number used is 8080, please enter http://202.96.12.8:8080 in your browser. Later, you may be asked for the Router's password. After successfully entering the username and password, you will be able to access the Router's web-based utility.
- 2) Be sure to change the Router's default password to a very secure password.

4.10 Parental Control

Choose menu "**Parental Control**", and you can configure the parental control in the screen as shown in Figure 4-46. The Parental Control function can be used to control the internet activities of the child, limit the child to access certain websites and restrict the time of surfing.

Parental Control Settings	;					
Non-Parental PCs not listed will not be able to access the Internet.						
Parental Control:	💿 Disable 🔵 En	able				
MAC Address of Parental PC:						
MAC Address of Your PC: 40-61-86-FC-70-FD Copy To Above						
	Save					
ID MAC address Webs	site Description		Schedule	Status	Modify	
		Delete All	Schedule	Status	mouny	
Add New Enable All	Disable All	Delete All				
	Previous	Next	Current No. 1	💙 Page		

- Parental Control Check Enable if you want this function to take effect, otherwise check Disable.
- MAC Address of Parental PC In this field, enter the MAC address of the controlling PC, or you can make use of the Copy To Above button below.
- MAC Address of Your PC This field displays the MAC address of the PC that is managing this Router. If the MAC Address of your adapter is registered, you can click the Copy To Above button to fill this address to the MAC Address of Parental PC field above.
- > Website Description Description of the allowed website for the PC controlled.
- Schedule The time period allowed for the PC controlled to access the Internet. For detailed information, please go to "Access Control → Schedule".
- > Modify Here you can edit or delete an existing entry.

Click the **Enable All** button to enable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page.

Click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the Add New... button and the next screen will pop-up as shown below.
- Enter the MAC address of the PC (e.g. 00-11-22-33-44-AA) you'd like to control in the MAC Address of Child PC field. Or you can choose the MAC address from the All Address in Current LAN drop-down list.
- 3. Give a description (e.g. Allow Google) for the website allowed to be accessed in the Website Description field.
- Enter the allowed domain name of the website, either the full name or the keywords (e.g. google) in the Allowed Domain Name field. Any domain name with keywords in it (<u>www.google.com</u>, <u>www.google.com.cn</u>) will be allowed.

- 5. Select from the Effective Time drop-down list the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1) you want the entry to take effect. If there are not suitable schedules for you, click the **Schedule** in red below to go to the Advance Schedule Settings page and create the schedule you need.
- 6. In the Status field, you can select **Enabled** or **Disabled** to enable or disable your entry.
- 8. Click the **Save** button.

Add or Modify Parental Co	ontrol Entry
The Schedule is based on the time of	the Router. The time can be set in "System Tools -> <u>Time settings</u> ".
MAC Address of Child PC:	
All MAC Address in Current LAN:	please select
Website Description:	
Allowed Domain Name:	
Effective Time:	Anytime 💌
	The time schedule can be set in "Access Control-> <mark>Schedule</mark> "
Status:	Enabled 💌
	Save Back

For example: If you desire that the child PC with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA can access <u>www.google.com</u> on Saturday only while the parent PC with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-BB is without any restriction, you should follow the settings below.

- Click "Parental Control" menu on the left to enter the Parental Control Settings page. Check Enable and enter the MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-BB in the MAC Address of Parental PC field.
- Click "Access Control Schedule" on the left to enter the Schedule Settings page. Click Add New... button to create a new schedule with Schedule Description is Schedule_1, Day is Sat and Time is all day-24 hours.
- 3. Click "**Parental Control**" menu on the left to go back to the Add or Modify Parental Control Entry page:
 - Click Add New... button.
 - Enter 00-11-22-33-44-AA in the MAC Address of Child PC field.
 - Enter "Allow Google" in the Website Description field.

- Enter "www.google.com" in the Allowed Domain Name field.
- Select "Schedule_1" you create just now from the Effective Time drop-down list.
- In **Status** field, select Enable.
- 4. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Parental Control Settings page and see the following list, as shown below.

ID	MAC address	Website Description	Schedule	Status	Modify
1	00-11-22-33-44-AA	Allow Google	Schedule_1	Enabled	Edit Delete
C	Add New Enable	e All Disable All	Delete All		

4.11 Access Control

Access Control	
- Rule	
- Host	
- Target	
- Schedule	

There are four submenus under the Access Control menu as shown above: **Rule**, **Host**, **Target** and **Schedule**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.11.1 Rule

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Rule", you can view and set Access Control rules in the screen as shown below.

Access Con	Access Control Rule Management					
Enable Interne	Enable Internet Access Control					
Default Filter Poli	cy					
O Allow the pack	ets specified by any e	nabled access control po	licy to pass through the F	Router		
Oeny the packs	ets specified by any ei	nabled access control po	licy to pass through the F	louter		
		Save				
ID Rule Name	Host	Target	Schedule	Enable	Modify	
Setup Wizard						
Add New	Enable All	Disable All Dele	te All			
Move		ID To II				
		Previous N	ext Current No.	1 🚩 Page		

- Enable Internet Access Control Select the check box to enable the Internet Access Control function, so the Default Filter Policy can take effect.
- > **Rule Name -** Here displays the name of the rule and this name is unique.
- > Host Here displays the host selected in the corresponding rule.
- > **Target -** Here displays the target selected in the corresponding rule.
- **Schedule -** Here displays the schedule selected in the corresponding rule.
- > Modify Here you can edit or delete an existing rule.

Click the Enable All button to enable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

You can change the entry's order as desired. Fore entries are before hind entries. Enter the ID number in the first box you want to move and another ID number in second box you want to move to, and then click the **Move** button to change the entry's order.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

To add a new rule, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button and the next screen will pop-up as shown below.
- 2. Give a name (e.g. Rule_1) for the rule in the **Rule Name** field.
- 3. Select a host from the Host drop-down list or choose "Click Here To Add New Host List".
- 4. Select a target from the **Target** drop-sown list or choose "**Click Here To Add New Target** List".
- 5. Select a schedule from the **Schedule** drop-down list or choose "**Click Here To Add New Schedule**".
- 6. In the Status field, select Enabled or Disabled to enable or disable your entry.
- 7. Click the Save button.

Add Internet Access Control Entry		
Rule Name:		
Host:	Click Here To Add New Host List.	
Target:	Any Target 👻 Click Here To Add New Target List.	
Schedule:	Anytime 🖌 Click Here To Add New Schedule.	
Status:	Enabled 💌	
	Save Back	

For example: If you desire to allow the host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA to access <u>www.google.com</u> only from 18:00 to 20:00 on Saturday and Sunday, and forbid other hosts in the LAN to access the Internet, you should follow the settings below:

- 1. Click "Access Control → Host" in the left to enter the Host Settings page. Add a new entry with the Host Description is Host_1 and MAC Address is 00-11-22-33-44-AA.
- 2. Click "Access Control → Target" in the left to enter the Target Settings page. Add a new entry with the Target Description is Target_1 and Domain Name is www.google.com.
- Click "Access Control → Schedule" in the left to enter the Schedule Settings page. Add a new entry with the Schedule Description is Schedule_1, Day is Sat and Sun, Start Time is 1800 and Stop Time is 2000.
- 4. Click "Access Control → Rule" in the left to return to the Access Control Rule Management page. Select "Enable Internet Access Control" and choose "Deny the packets not specified by any access control policy to pass through the Router".
- 5. Click Add New... button to add a new rule as follows:
 - In Rule Name field, create a name for the rule. Note that this name should be unique, for example Rule_1.
 - In **Host** field, select Host_1.
 - In **Target** field, select Target_1.
 - In Schedule field, select Schedule_1.
 - In Action field, select Allow.
 - In **Status** field, select Enable.
 - Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Access Control Rule Management page and see the following list.

ID Rule Name	Host	Target	Schedule	Action Status Modify
1 Rule_1	Host 1	Target 1	Schedule 1	Allow Enabled Edit Delete

4.11.2 Host

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Host", you can view and set a Host list in the screen as shown below. The host list is necessary for the Access Control Rule.

	Host Settings		
ID	Host Description	Information	Modify
1	Host_1	IP: 192.168.0.1 - 192.168.0.23	Edit Delete
	Add New Delete All		
		Previous Next Current No. 1 🗸 Page	

- > Host Description Here displays the description of the host and this description is unique.
- > Information Here displays the information about the host. It can be IP or MAC.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table. Click the **Next** button to go to the next page. Click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

1. Click the Add New... button.

- 2. In the **Mode** field, select IP Address or MAC Address.
 - If you select IP Address, the screen shown is above.
 - 1) In **Host Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
 - 2) In LAN IP Address field, enter the IP address.
 - If you select MAC Address, the screen shown is below.
 - 1) In **Host Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
 - 2) In **MAC Address** field, enter the MAC address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to complete the settings.

Add or Modify a Host Entry			
Mode:	IP Address		
Host Description:	Host _1		
LAN IP Address:	192.168.0.1 - 192.168.0.23		
	Save Back		
Add or Modify a Host I	Add or Modify a Host Entry		
Mode:	MAC Address		
Host Description:	Host_1		
MAC Address:	00-11-22-33-44-AA		
	Save Back		

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click **Add New...** button to enter the Add or Modify a Host Entry page.
- 2. In Mode field, select MAC Address from the drop-down list.
- 3. In **Host Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
- 4. In MAC Address field, enter 00-11-22-33-44-AA.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Host Settings page and see the following list.

ID	Host Description	Information	Modify
1	Host_1	MAC: 00-11-22-33-44-AA	Edit Delete

4.11.3 Target

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Target", you can view and set a Target list in the screen as shown in Figure 4-55. The target list is necessary for the Access Control Rule.

Target Settings		
ID Target Description 1 Target 1	Information	Modify
1 Target_1 Add New Delete /		<u>Edit Delete</u>
	Previous Next Current No.	1 🗸 Page

- Target Description Here displays the description about the target and this description is unique.
- > **Information -** The target can be IP address, port, or domain name.
- Modify To modify or delete an existing entry.
 Click the Delete All button to delete all the entries in the table.
 Click the Next button to go to the next page.
 Click the Previous button return to the previous page.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the Add New... button.
- 2. In Mode field, select IP Address or Domain Name.
- If you select IP Address, the screen shown is Figure 4-56.
- 1) In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
- 2) In **IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the target.
- Select a common service from Common Service Port drop-down list, so that the Target Port will be automatically filled. If the Common Service Port drop-down list doesn't have the service you want, specify the Target Port manually.
- 4) In **Protocol** field, select TCP, UDP, ICMP or ALL.
- If you select **Domain Name**, the screen shown is the following figure after the following figure.
- 1) In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
- 2) In Domain Name field, enter the domain name, either the full name or the keywords (for example google) in the blank. Any domain name with keywords in it (<u>www.google.com</u>, <u>www.google.cn</u>) will be blocked or allowed. You can enter 4 domain names.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

	cess Target Entry				
Mode: Target Description:	IP Address				
IP Address: Target Port: Protocol:					
Common Service Port:	please select 💌				
	Save Back				
Add or Modify an Access Target Entry					
Mode: Target Description:	Domain Name 💌				
	Domain Name 🛩				
Target Description:	Domain Name				

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA in the LAN to access <u>www.google.com</u> only, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click **Add New...** button in Figure 4-55 to enter the Add or Modify an Access Target Entry page.
- 2. In Mode field, select Domain Name from the drop-down list.
- 3. In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
- 4. In **Domain Name** field, enter www.google.com.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Target Settings page and see the following list.

ID	Target Description	Information	Modify
1	Target_1	www.google.com	Edit Delete

4.11.4 Schedule

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Schedule", you can view and set a Schedule list in the next screen as shown in Figure 4-58. The Schedule list is necessary for the Access Control Rule.

Sched	ule Settings			
	edule Description	Day	Time	Modify
1 Sche Add Nev	edule_1 w Delete All	Sat	00:00 - 24:00	<u>Edit Delete</u>
		Prevoius	Next	Current No. 1 💌 Page

- Schedule Description Here displays the description of the schedule and this description is unique.
- > **Day -** Here displays the day(s) in a week.
- > **Time -** Here displays the time period in a day.
- > Modify Here you can edit or delete an existing schedule.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page.

Click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

To add a new schedule, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click **Add New...** button shown in the figure above and the next screen will pop-up as shown below.
- 2. In **Schedule Description** field, create a unique description for the schedule (e.g. Schedule 1).
- 3. In **Day** field, select the day or days you need.
- 4. In **Time** field, you can select all day-24 hours or you may enter the Start Time and Stop Time in the corresponding field.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Advance Schedule Settings						
Note: The Schedule is based on the	Note: The Schedule is based on the time of the Router.					
Schedule Description:						
Day:	Day: 💿 Everyday 🔘 Select Days					
🗹 Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🔽 Thu 🔽 Fri 🔽 Sat 🗹 Sun						
Time: all day-24 hours: 🔽						
Start Time:	(ННММ)					
Stop Time:	(HHMM)					
-	Save Back					

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA to access <u>www.google.com</u> only from **18:00 to 20:00** on **Saturday** and **Sunday**, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click **Add New...** button shown in Figure 4-58 to enter the Advanced Schedule Settings page.
- 2. In **Schedule Description** field, create a unique description for the schedule (e.g. Schedule 1).
- 3. In **Day** field, check the Select Days radio button and then select Sat and Sun.
- 4. In **Time** field, enter 1800 in Start Time field and 2000 in Stop Time field.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Schedule Settings page and see the following list.

ID	Schedule Description	Day	Time	Modify
1	Schedule_1	Sat Sun	18:00 - 20:00	<u>Edit</u> <u>Delete</u>

4.12 Advanced Routing

Advanced Routing
- Static Routing List
- System Routing Table

There are two submenus under the Advanced Routing menu as shown above: **Static Routing List** and **System Routing Table**. Click either of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.12.1 Static Routing List

Choose menu "Advanced Routing \rightarrow Static Routing List", you can configure the static route in the next screen (shown below). A static route is a pre-determined path that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.

Stat	ic Routing						
ID 1	Destination Network 202.108.37.42	Subnet Mask 255.255.255.255	Default Gateway 202.108.37.1	Status Enabled	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>		
Add	Add New Enable All Disable All Delete All						
	(Previous	Next				

- Destination Network The Destination Network is the address of the network or host that you want to assign to a static route.
- Subnet Mask The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP Address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
- Gateway This is the IP Address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the Router and the network or host.

Click the **Delete** button to delete the entry.

Click the Enable All button to enable all the entries.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the entries.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries.

Click the **Previous** button to view the information in the previous screen.

Click the Next button to view the information in the next screen.

To add static routing entries:

1. Click Add New... shown above, you will see the following screen.

Add or Modify a Static R	oute Entry
Destination Network:	
Subnet Mask:	
Default Gateway:	
Status:	Enabled
	Save Back

- 2. Enter the following data: Destination Network, Subnet Mask, Gateway.
- 3. Select Enabled or Disabled for this entry on the Status pull-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to make the entry take effect.

4.12.2 System Routing Table

Choose menu "Advanced Routing \rightarrow System Routing Table", you can configure the system routing table in the next screen (shown below). System routing table views all of the valid route entries in use.

D	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Interface
1	192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	LAN & WLAN
2	172.30.74.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	WAN
3	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	172.30.74.1	WAN

- Destination Network The Destination Network is the address of the network or host to which the static route is assigned.
- Subnet Mask The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
- Gateway This is the IP address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the Router and the network or host.
- Interface This interface tells you whether the Destination IP Address is on the LAN & WLAN (internal wired and wireless networks), the WAN (Internet).

4.13 Bandwidth Control

Bandwidth Control
- Control Settings
- Rules List

There are two submenus under the Bandwidth Control menu as shown above. Click either of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

4.13.1 Control Settings

Choose menu "**Bandwidth Control** \rightarrow **Control Settings**", you can configure the Egress Bandwidth and Ingress Bandwidth in the next screen. Their values you configure should be less than 100000Kbps. For optimal control of the bandwidth, please select the right Line Type and ask your ISP for the total bandwidth of the egress and ingress.

Bandwidth Control S	ettings	
Enable Bandwidth Control:		
Line Type:	💿 ADSL 🔿 Other	
Egress Bandwidth:	512	Kbps
Ingress Bandwidth:	2048	Kbps
	Save	

- Enable Bandwidth Control Check this box so that the Bandwidth Control settings can take effect.
- Line Type Select the right type for you network connection. If you don't know how to choose, please ask your ISP for the information.
- > Egress Bandwidth The upload speed through the WAN port.
- > Ingress Bandwidth The download speed through the WAN port.

4.13.2 Rules List

Choose menu "**Bandwidth Control** \rightarrow **Rules List**", you can view and configure the Bandwidth Control rules in the screen below.

Bandwidth Control Rules List								
	Egress Bandwidth(Kbps) Ingress Bandwidth(Kbps)							
ID	Description	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Enable	Modify	
1	192.168.0.2 - 192.168.0.23/21	0	1000	0	4000	~	Modify Delete	
A	Add New Delete All							
	Previous 🛛 💭 Next	Now is	: the 1 🐱 page					

> **Description -** This is the information about the rules such as address range.

- Egress bandwidth This field displays the max and mix upload bandwidth through the WAN port, the default is 0.
- Ingress bandwidth This field displays the max and mix download bandwidth through the WAN port, the default is 0.
- > Enable This displays the status of the rule.
- > Modify Click Modify to edit the rule. Click Delete to delete the rule.

To add/modify a Bandwidth Control rule, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click **Add New...** shown in the figure above, you will see a new screen shown in Figure 4-67.
- 2. Enter the parameters as the screen shown below.

Bandwidth Control Rule Settings		
Enable:		
IP Range:	192.168.0.2 - 192.168.0.23	
Port Range:	21 -	
Protocol:	ALL 💌	
	Min Bandwidth(Kbps) Max Bandwidth(Kbps)	
Egress Bandwidth:	0 1000	
Ingress Bandwidth:	0 4000	
	Save Back	

3. Click the **Save** button.

4.14 IP & MAC Binding



There are two submenus under the IP &MAC Binding menu (shown above): **Binding Settings** and **ARP List**. Click either of them, and you will be able to scan or configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

4.14.1 Binding Settings

This page displays the **Binding Settings** table; you can operate it in accord with your desire. (as shown below).

Bindi	ng Settings			
	ARP Binding:	💿 Disable 🔘 Enable	Save	
ID	MAC Address	IP Address	Bind	Modify
1	00-0A-EB-00-07-5F	192.168.0.55	~	Modify Delete
Add N	lew Enable All	Disable All	Delete All	Find
		Previous	Next	Current No. 1 🔽 Page

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **IP Address -** The assigned IP address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- **Bind -** Check this option to enable ARP binding for a specific device.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

Click the **Enable All** button to make all entries enabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

When you want to add or modify an IP & MAC Binding entry, you can click the **Add New...** button or **Modify** button, and then you will go to the next page. This page is used for adding or modifying an IP & MAC Binding entry (shown below).

IP & MAC Binding Se	ettings
Bind:	
MAC Address:	
IP Address:	
	Save Return

To add IP & MAC Binding entries, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the Add New... button.
- 2. Enter the MAC Address and IP Address.
- 3. Select the **Bind** checkbox.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save it.

To modify or delete an existing entry, follow the steps below.

- 1. Find the desired entry in the table.
- 2. Click **Modify** or **Delete** as desired on the **Modify** column.

To find an existing entry, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Find** button.
- 2. Enter the MAC Address or IP Address.
- 3. Click the **Find** button in the page as shown below.

ind IP & MAC Binding E	ntry
MAC Address: IP Address:	
ID 1	MAC Address IP Address Bind Link 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F 192.168.0.55 v <u>To page</u>
	Find Back

4.14.2 ARP List

To manage the computer, you could observe the computers in the LAN by checking the relationship of MAC address and IP address on the ARP list, and you could configure the items on the ARP list also. This page displays the ARP List; it shows all the existing IP & MAC Binding entries (shown below

ARF	² List			
ID	MAC Address	IP Address	Status	Configure
1	40-61-86-FC-70-FD	192.168.0.100	Unbound	Load Delete
		Bind All	Load All	Refresh

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **IP Address -** The assigned IP address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > Status Indicates whether or not the MAC and IP addresses are bound.
- > Configure Load or delete an item.
 - Load Load the item to the IP & MAC Binding list.
 - Delete Delete the item.

Click the **Bind All** button to bind all the current items, available after enable.

Click the Load All button to load all items to the IP & MAC Binding list.

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh all items.

P Note:

An item could not be loaded to the IP & MAC Binding list if the IP address of the item has been loaded before. Error warning will prompt as well. Likewise, "Load All" only loads the items without interference to the IP & MAC Binding list.

4.15 Dynamic DNS

Choose menu "Dynamic DNS", and you can configure the Dynamic DNS function.

The Router offers the **DDNS** (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address, and then your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up

for DDNS service providers such as <u>www.comexe.cn</u>, <u>www.dyndns.org</u>, or <u>www.no-ip.com</u>. The Dynamic DNS client service provider will give you a password or key.

4.15.1 Comexe.cn DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.comexe.cn</u>, the page will appear as shown below.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	Comexe (www.comexe.cn) 🕑 <u>Go to register</u>
Domain Name:	
User Name:	username
Password:	•••••
	Enable DDNS
Connection Status:	DDNS not launching!
	Logout Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the **Domain Name** received from your dynamic DNS service provider.
- 2. Type the User Name for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 4. Click the **Login** button to log in to the DDNS service.

Connection Status -The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here.

Click **Logout** to log out of the DDNS service.

4.15.2 Dyndns.org DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.dyndns.org</u>, the page will appear as shown below.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	Dyndns (www.dyndns.org) 🔽 <u>Go to register</u>
User Name:	username
Password:	•••••
Domain Name:	
	Enable DDNS
Connection Status:	DDNS not launching!
	Login Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the **User Name** for your DDNS account.
- 2. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Domain Name** you received from dynamic DNS service provider here.
- 4. Click the **Login** button to log in to the DDNS service.

Connection Status -The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here.

Click Logout to logout of the DDNS service.

4.15.3 No-ip.com DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.no-ip.com</u>, the page will appear as shown below.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	No-IP (www.no-ip.com) 🛛 🔽 <u>Go to register</u>
User Name:	usemame
Password:	•••••
Domain Name:	
	Enable DDNS
Connection Status:	DDNS not launching!
	Login Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the **User Name** for your DDNS account.
- 2. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Domain Name** you received from dynamic DNS service provider.

4. Click the Login button to log in the DDNS service.

Connection Status - The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here. Click **Logout** to log out the DDNS service.

4.16 System Tools

System Tools
- Time Settings
- Diagnostic
- Firmware Upgrade
- Factory Defaults
- Backup & Restore
- Reboot
- Password
- System Log
- Statistics

Choose menu "System Tools", and you can see the submenus under the main menu: Time Settings, Diagnostic, Firmware Upgrade, Factory Defaults, Backup & Restore, Reboot, Password, System Log and Statistics. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

4.16.1 Time Settings

Choose menu "**System Tools→Time Settings**", you can configure the time on the following screen.

Time Settings			
Time zone:	(GMT+08:00) Beijing, Hong Kong, Perth, Singapore		
Date:	5 3 2012 (MM/DD/YY)		
Time:	15 15 40 (HH/MM/SS)		
NTP Server I:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)		
NTP Server II:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)		
	Get GMT		
	Enable Daylight Saving		
Start:	Mar 💙 3rd 💙 Sun 💙 2am 💙		
End:	Nov 💙 2nd 💙 Sun 💙 3am 💙		
Daylight Saving Status:	daylight saving is down.		
	Note: Click the "GET GMT" to update the time from the internet with the pre-defined servers		
	or entering the customized server(IP Address or Domain Name) in the above frames.		
	Save		

- > **Time Zone -** Select your local time zone from this pull down list.
- > **Date -** Enter your local date in MM/DD/YY into the right blanks.
- > **Time -** Enter your local time in HH/MM/SS into the right blanks.

NTP Server I/II - Enter the address for the NTP Server, then the Router will get the time from the NTP Server preferentially. In addition, the Router built-in some common NTP Servers, so it can get time automatically once it connects the Internet.

To configure the system manually:

- 1. Select your local **time zone**.
- 2. Enter **date** and **time** in the right blanks.
- 3. Click **Save** to save the configuration.

To configure the system automatically:

- 1. Select your local **time zone**.
- 2. Enter the IP address for NTP Server I or NTP Server II.
- 3. Click the **Get GMT** button to get system time from Internet if you have connected to the Internet.

P Note:

- This setting will be used for some time-based functions such as firewall. You must specify your time zone once you login to the Router successfully; otherwise, these functions will not take effect.
- 2) The time will be lost if the Router is turned off.
- 3) The Router will obtain GMT automatically from Internet if it has already connected to Internet.

4.16.2 Diagnostic

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Diagnostic", you can transact Ping or Traceroute function to check connectivity of your network in the following screen.

Diagnostic Tools				
Diagnostic Parameters				
Diagnostic Tool:	💿 Ping 🔿 Traceroute			
IP Address/Domain Name:				
Ping Count:	4 (1-50)			
Ping Packet Size:	64 (4-1472 Bytes)			
Ping Timeout:	800 (100-2000 Milliseconds)			
Traceroute Max TTL:	20 (1-30)			
Diagnostic Results				
The Router is ready.				
Start				

- > **Diagnostic Tool -** Check the radio button to select one diagnostic too.
 - **Ping** This diagnostic tool troubleshoots connectivity, reachability, and name resolution to a given host or gateway.
 - **Traceroute** This diagnostic tool tests the performance of a connection.
 - P Note:

You can use ping/traceroute to test both numeric IP address or domain name. If pinging/tracerouting the IP address is successful, but pinging/tracerouting the domain name is not, you might have a name resolution problem. In this case, ensure that the domain name you are specifying can be resolved by using Domain Name System (DNS) queries.

- IP Address/Domain Name Type the destination IP address (such as 202.108.22.5) or Domain name (such as http://www.tp-link.com)
- > **Pings Count -** The number of Ping packets for a Ping connection.
- > Ping Packet Size The size of Ping packet.
- Ping Timeout Set the waiting time for the reply of each Ping packet. If there is no reply in the specified time, the connection is overtime.
- **Traceroute Max TTL -** The max number of hops for a Traceroute connection.

Click Start to check the connectivity of the Internet.

The **Diagnostic Results** page displays the result of diagnosis.

If the result is similar to the following screen, the connectivity of the Internet is fine.

Diagnostic Results	
Pinging 202.108.22.5 with 64 bytes of data:	
Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=1 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=2	
Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=3 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=4	
Ping statistics for 202.108.22.5 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),	
Approximate round trip times in milliseconds:	
·	

P Note:

Only one user can use this tool at one time. Options "Number of Pings", "Ping Size" and "Ping Timeout" are used for **Ping** function. Option "Tracert Hops" are used for **Tracert** function.

4.16.3 Firmware Upgrade

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Firmware Upgrade", you can update the latest version of firmware for the Router on the following screen.

Firmware Upgrade	
File:	Browse
Firmware Version:	3.12.11 Build 120201 Rel.55579n
Hardware Version:	MR3220 v2 00000000
	Upgrade

- > Firmware Version This displays the current firmware version.
- Hardware Version This displays the current hardware version. The hardware version of the upgrade file must accord with the Router's current hardware version.

To upgrade the Router's firmware, follow these instructions below:

- 1. Download a more recent firmware upgrade file from the TP-LINK website (http://www.tp-link.com).
- 2. Type the path and file name of the update file into the **File** field. Or click the **Browse...** button to locate the update file.
- 3. Click the **Upgrade** button.

P Note:

- New firmware versions are posted at http://www.tp-link.com and can be downloaded for free. There is no need to upgrade the firmware unless the new firmware has a new feature you want to use. However, when experiencing problems caused by the Router rather than the configuration, you can try to upgrade the firmware.
- When you upgrade the Router's firmware, you may lose its current configurations, so before upgrading the firmware please write down some of your customized settings to avoid losing important settings.
- 3) Do not turn off the Router or press the Reset button while the firmware is being upgraded;

otherwise, the Router may be damaged.

4) The Router will reboot after the upgrading has been finished.

4.16.4 Factory Defaults

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Factory Defaults", and you can restore the configurations of the Router to factory defaults on the following screen

Factory Defaults
Click the following button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.
Restore

Click the **Restore** button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.

- The default **User Name**: admin
- The default **Password**: admin
- The default IP Address: 192.168.0.1
- The default Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Note:

Any settings you have saved will be lost when the default settings are restored.

4.16.5 Backup & Restore

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Backup & Restore", you can save the current configuration of the Router as a backup file and restore the configuration via a backup file as shown below.

Backu	Backup & Restore					
Backup:	Backup					
File:		Browse Restore				

- Click the **Backup** button to save all configuration settings as a backup file in your local computer.
- > To upgrade the Router's configuration, follow these instructions.
 - Click the **Browse...** button to locate the update file for the Router, or enter the exact path to the Setting file in the text box.
 - Click the **Restore** button.

Note:

The current configuration will be covered by the uploading configuration file. The upgrade process lasts for 20 seconds and the Router will restart automatically. Keep the Router on during the upgrading process to prevent any damage.

4.16.6 Reboot

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Reboot", you can click the Reboot button to reboot the Router via the below screen.

Reboot
Click this button to reboot the device.
Reboot

Some settings of the Router will take effect only after rebooting, which include

- Change the LAN IP Address (system will reboot automatically).
- Change the DHCP Settings.
- Change the Wireless configurations.
- Change the Web Management Port.
- Upgrade the firmware of the Router (system will reboot automatically).
- Restore the Router's settings to factory defaults (system will reboot automatically).
- Update the configuration with the file (system will reboot automatically.

4.16.7 Password

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Password", you can change the factory default user name and password of the Router in the next screen as shown below.

Password				
The username and password must no	t exceed 14 characters in length and must not include any spaces!			
Old User Name: Old Password:				
New User Name:				
New Password: Confirm New Password:				
	Save Clear All			

It is strongly recommended that you should change the factory default user name and password of the Router, because all users who try to access the Router's Web-based utility or Quick Setup will be prompted for the Router's default user name and password.

Note:

The new user name and password must not exceed 14 characters in length and not include any spaces. Enter the new Password twice to confirm.

Click the **Save** button when finished.

Click the Clear All button to clear all.

4.16.8 System Log

Choose menu "System Tools → System Log", you can view the logs of the Router.

Sys	System Log						
Auto N	Mail Feature: Di	sabled		Mail Settings			
	/pe: All	*	Lo	g Level: ALL			
Index	Time	Туре	Level	Log Content			
1	1st day 01:33:04	OTHER	INFO	User clear system log.			
H-Ver -	Time = 2012-05-03 15:17:21 5584s H-Ver = MR3220 ∨2 00000000 : S-Ver = 3.12.11 Build 120423 Rel.76408n						
L = 192	2.168.0.1 : M = 25	5.255.25	5.0				
3G/4G :	3G/4G : 3G/4G = 0.0.0.0 : M = 0.0.0.0 : G = 0.0.0.0						
Refresh Save Log Mail Log Clear Log							
	Previous Next Current No. 1 V Page						

- > Auto Mail Feature Indicates whether auto mail feature is enabled or not.
- Mail Settings Set the receiving and sending mailbox address, server address, validation information as well as the timetable for Auto Mail Feature, as shown below.

Mail Account Settings	
-	
From:	
To:	
SMTP Server:	
	Authentication
User Name:	
Password:	
Confirm The Password:	
	Enable Auto Mail Feature
۲	Everyday, mail the log at 18 : 00
0	Mail the log every 48 hours
	Save Back

- From Your mail box address. The Router would connect it to send logs.
- To Recipient's address. The destination mailbox where the logs would be received.
- **SMTP Server** Your smtp server. It corresponds with the mailbox filled in the From field. You can log on the relevant website for Help if you are not clear with the address.
- Authentication Most SMTP Server requires Authentication. It is required by most

mailboxes that need User Name and Password to log in.

Solution Note:

Only when you select **Authentication**, do you have to enter the User Name and Password in the following fields.

- User Name Your mail account name filled in the From field. The part behind @ is included.
- **Password -** Your mail account password.
- Confirm The Password Enter the password again to confirm.
- Enable Auto Mail Feature Select it to mail logs automatically. You could mail the current logs either at a specified time everyday or by intervals, but only one could be the current effective rule. Enter the desired time or intervals in the corresponding field.

Click **Save** to keep your settings.

Click **Back** to return to the previous page.

- **Log Type -** By selecting the log type, only logs of this type will be shown.
- **Log Level -** By selecting the log level, only logs of this level will be shown.
- > **Refresh -** Refresh the page to show the latest log list.
- **Save Log -** Click to save all the logs in a txt file.
- Mail Log Click to send an email of current logs manually according to the address and validation information set in Mail Settings. The result will be shown in the later log soon.
- Clear Log All the logs will be deleted from the Router permanently, not just from the page.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page.

Click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

4.16.9 Statistics

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Statistics", you can view the statistics of the Router, including total traffic and current traffic of the last Packets Statistic Interval.

Statistics								
Current Statistics Status:		Disable	Disabled		Enat	ole		
Packets Statistics Inter	val(5~60):	10 🔽 Seconds						
		Auto-refresh		Refre	esh			
Sort	ted Rules:	Sorted I	Sorted by Current Bytes 🛛 👻		Reset	Reset All Delete All]
	Tota			Current				
IP Address/ MAC Address	Packets Bytes		Packets	Bytes	ICMP Tx	UDP Tx	SYN Tx	Modify
	The current list is empty.							
5 v entries per page. Current No. 1 v page								
Previous Next								

> Current Statistics Status - Enabled or Disabled. The default value is disabled. To enable,

click the **Enable** button. If disabled, the function of DoS protection in Security settings will disabled.

- Packets Statistics Interval(5-60) The default value is 10. Select a value between 5 and 60 seconds in the pull-down list. The Packets Statistic interval indicates the time section of the packets statistic. Select the Auto-refresh checkbox to refresh automatically. You can also click the Refresh button to refresh immediately.
- > **Sorted Rules -** Choose how displayed statistics are sorted.

Click **Reset All** to reset the values of all the entries to zero.

Click **Delete All** to delete all entries in the table.

Statistics	Table:

IP/MAC Address		The IP and MAC address are displayed with related statistics.
Total	Packets	The total number of packets received and transmitted by the
	Packets	Router.
TOtal	Bytes	The total number of bytes received and transmitted by the
	Dytes	Router.
	Packets	The total number of packets received and transmitted in the last
	Fackels	Packets Statistic interval seconds.
	Bytes	The total number of bytes received and transmitted in the last
	Bytes	Packets Statistic interval seconds.
	ICMP	The number of the ICMP packets transmitted to WAN per second
	Тх	at the specified Packets Statistics interval. It is shown like
Current		"current transmitting rate / Max transmitting rate".
		The number of UDP packets transmitted to the WAN per second
	UDP Tx	at the specified Packets Statistics interval. It is shown like
		"current transmitting rate / Max transmitting rate".
	ТСР	The number of TCP SYN packets transmitted to the WAN per
		second at the specified Packets Statistics interval. It is shown like
	SYN Tx	"current transmitting rate / Max transmitting rate".
Modify	Reset	Reset the value of he entry to zero.
Modify	Delete	Delete the existing entry in the table.

There would be 5 entries on each page. Click **Previous** to return to the previous page and **Next** to the next page.

Appendix A: FAQ

- 1. How do I configure the Router to access Internet by ADSL users?
- 1) First, configure the ADSL Modem configured in RFC1483 bridge model.
- Connect the Ethernet cable from your ADSL Modem to the WAN port on the Router. The telephone cord plugs into the Line port of the ADSL Modem.
- 3) Login to the Router, click the "Network" menu on the left of your browser, and click "WAN" submenu. On the WAN page, select "PPPoE/Russia PPPoE" for WAN Connection Type. Type user name in the "User Name" field and password in the "Password" field, finish by clicking "Connect".

PPPoE/Russia PPPoE 🝸 🛛 Detect
username
•••••
•••••

Figure A-1 PPPoE Connection Type

4) If your ADSL lease is in "pay-according-time" mode, select "Connect on Demand" or "Connect Manually" for Internet connection mode. Type an appropriate number for "Max Idle Time" to avoid wasting paid time. Otherwise, you can select "Auto-connecting" for Internet connection mode.

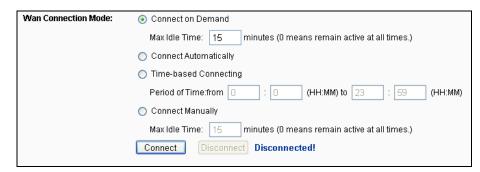


Figure A-2 PPPoE Connection Mode

Note:

- 1) Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to Max Idle Time, since some applications is visiting the Internet continually in the background.
- 2) If you are a Cable user, please configure the Router following the above steps.

2. How do I configure the Router to access Internet by Ethernet users?

 Login to the Router, click the "Network" menu on the left of your browser, and click "WAN" submenu. On the WAN page, select "Dynamic IP" for "WAN Connection Type", finish by clicking "Save". 2) Some ISPs require that you register the MAC Address of your adapter, which is connected to your cable/DSL Modem during installation. If your ISP requires MAC register, login to the Router and click the "Network" menu link on the left of your browser, and then click "MAC Clone" submenu link. On the "MAC Clone" page, if your PC's MAC address is proper MAC address, click the "Clone MAC Address" button and your PC's MAC address will fill in the "WAN MAC Address" field. Or else, type the MAC Address into the "WAN MAC Address" field. Or else, type the MAC Address into the "WAN MAC Address" field. The format for the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX. Then click the "Save" button. It will take effect after rebooting.

MAC Clone		
WAN MAC Address:	00-08-01-00-00-05	Restore Factory MAC
Your PC's MAC Address:	00-19-66-80-54-2B	Clone MAC Address
	Save	

Figure A-3 MAC Clone

3. I want to use Netmeeting, what do I need to do?

- 1) If you start Netmeeting as a host, you don't need to do anything with the Router.
- 2) If you start as a response, you need to configure Virtual Server or DMZ Host and make sure the H323 ALG is enabled.
- 3) How to configure Virtual Server: Log in to the Router, click the "Forwarding" menu on the left of your browser, and click "Virtual Servers" submenu. On the "Virtual Servers" page, click Add New.... Then on the "Add or Modify a Virtual Server Entry" page, enter "21" for the "Service Port" blank, and your IP address for the "IP Address" blank, taking 192.168.0.100 for an example, remember to Enable and Save.

Virtual Server	'S				
ID Service Port	Internal Port	IP Address	Protocol	Status	Modify
Add New	Enable All Disable All	Delete All			
	Previous	Next			

Figure A-4 Virtual Servers

Add or Modify a Virtual S	erver Entry
Service Port:	21 (XX-XX or XX)
Internal Port:	(XX, Only valid for single Service Port or leave a blank)
IP Address:	192.168.0.100
Protocol:	ALL 🗸
Status:	Enabled 💌
Common Service Port:	Select One
	Save Back

Figure A-5 Add or Modify a Virtual server Entry

P Note:

Your opposite side should call your WAN IP, which is displayed on the "Status" page.

4) How to enable DMZ Host: Log in to the Router, click the "Forwarding" menu on the left of your browser, and click "DMZ" submenu. On the "DMZ" page, click Enable radio button and type your IP address into the DMZ Host IP Address field, using 192.168.0.169 as an example, remember to click the Save button.

DMZ	
Current DMZ Status:	💽 Enable 🔿 Disable
DMZ Host IP Address:	192.168.0.169
	Save

Figure A-6 DMZ

5) How to enable H323 ALG: Log in to the Router, click the "Security" menu on the left of your browser, and click "Basic Security" submenu. On the "Basic Security" page, check the Enable radio button next to H323 ALG. Remember to click the Save button.

Basic Security	
Firewall	
SPI Firewall:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
VPN	
PPTP Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable
L2TP Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable
IPSec Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable
ALG	
FTP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
TFTP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
H323 ALG:	Enable Disable
RTSP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable
	Save

Figure A-7 Basic Security

- 4. I want to build a WEB Server on the LAN, what should I do?
- Because the WEB Server port 80 will interfere with the WEB management port 80 on the Router, you must change the WEB management port number to avoid interference.
- 2) To change the WEB management port number: Log in to the Router, click the "Security" menu on the left of your browser, and click "Remote Management" submenu. On the "Remote Management" page, type a port number except 80, such as 88, into the Web Management Port field. Click Save and reboot the Router.

Remote Management		
Web Management Port:	88	
Remote Management IP Address:	0.0.0.0 (Enter 255.255.255.25	i5 for all)
	Save	

Figure A-8 Remote Management

P Note:

If the above configuration takes effect, to configure to the Router by typing http://192.168.0.1:88 (the Router's LAN IP address: Web Management Port) in the address field of the Web browser.

3) Log in to the Router, click the "Forwarding" menu on the left of your browser, and click the "Virtual Servers" submenu. On the "Virtual Servers" page, click Add New..., then on the "Add or Modify a Virtual Server" page, enter "80" into the blank next to the "Service Port", and your IP address next to the "IP Address", assuming 192.168.0.188 for an example, remember to Enable and Save.

Virtual Server	S				
ID Service Port	Internal Port	IP Address	Protocol	Status	Modify
Add New	Enable All Disable A	II Delete All			
	Previous	Next			

Figure A-9 Virtual Servers

Add or Modify a Virtual S	erver Entry
Service Port:	80 (XX-XX or XX)
Internal Port:	(XX, Only valid for single Service Port or leave a blank)
IP Address:	192.168.0.188
Protocol:	ALL
Status:	Enabled
Common Service Port:	Select One
	Save Back

Figure A-10 Add or Modify a Virtual server Entry

5. The wireless stations cannot connect to the Router.

- 1) Make sure the "Wireless Router Radio" is enabled.
- 2) Make sure that the wireless stations' SSID accord with the Router's SSID.
- Make sure the wireless stations have right KEY for encryption when the Router is encrypted.
- 4) If the wireless connection is ready, but you can't access the Router, check the IP Address of your wireless stations.

Appendix B: Configuring the PCs

In this section, we'll introduce how to install and configure the TCP/IP correctly in Windows XP. First make sure your Ethernet Adapter is working, refer to the adapter's manual if needed.

- 1. Install TCP/IP component
- On the Windows taskbar, click the Start button, point to Settings, and then click Control Panel.
- 2) Click the **Network and Internet Connections** icon, and then click on the **Network Connections** tab in the appearing window.
- 3) Right click the icon that showed below, select Properties on the prompt page.

LAN or High-Speed Internet		
Connecto	a Connection ed, Firewalled	
Tealtek	Disable	
	Status	
	Repair	
	Bridge Connections	
	Create Shortcut	
	Delete	
	Rename	
	Properties	
-		

4) In the prompt page that showed below, double click on the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP).

Local Area Connection Properties	? ×
General Authentication Advanced	
Connect using:	
Bealtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Etł	gure
This connection uses the following items:	
QoS Packet Scheduler	
AEGIS Protocol (IEEE 802.1x) v3.4.3.0 Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)	
	⊸∣
•	
Install Uninstall Prope	erties
Description	
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The de	
 wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks. 	n
Show icon in notification area when connected	
Notify me when this connection has limited or no conn	lectivity
ОК	Cancel

5) The following **TCP/IP Properties** window will display and the **IP Address** tab is open on this window by default.

You have two ways to configure the **TCP/IP** protocol below:

> Setting IP address automatically

Select **Obtain an IP address automatically**, Choose **Obtain DNS server automatically**, as shown in the Figure below:

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properti	es <mark>?</mark> ×
General Alternate Configuration	
You can get IP settings assigned auto this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automatica	ally
C Use the following IP address: —	
[P address:	
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address auto	matically
_⊂O Use the following DNS server ac	
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

> Setting IP address manually

- a. Select **Use the following IP address** radio button. And the following items available
- b. If the Router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, type IP address is 192.168.0.x (x is from 2 to 254), and Subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
- c. Type the Router's LAN IP address (the default IP is 192.168.0.1) into the **Default** gateway field.
- d. Select Use the following DNS server addresses radio button. In the Preferred DNS Server field you can type the DNS server IP address, which has been provided by your ISP.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Propertie	es <u>?</u>	×
General		
You can get IP settings assigned autom this capability. Otherwise, you need to a the appropriate IP settings.		
O Obtain an IP address automatical	ly.	
\frown Use the following IP address: —		
<u>I</u> P address:	192.168.0.241	
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0	
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1	
C Obtain DNS server address auton	natically	
☐ Use the following DNS server add	dresses:	
Preferred DNS server:	202 . 96 . 134 . 133	
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:		
	Ad <u>v</u> anced	
	OK Cancel	

6) Now click **OK** to keep your settings.

Appendix C: Specifications

General		
Standards	IEEE 802.11n, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.3, IEEE	
Standards	802.3u, IEEE 802.1x, IEEE 802.11e, IEEE 802.11i, IEEE 802.3x	
Protocols	TCP/IP, PPPoE, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, SNTP	
	One RJ45 WAN port,	
Ports	Four RJ45 LAN ports,	
	One USB 2.0 WAN port (for 3G/4G network connection)	
LEDs	ଏ (PWR), ✿ (SYS), 奈 (WLAN), ଡ (WAN) ,	
	☑ (LAN1-4), ↔ (USB), (WPS)	
Safety & Emissions	FCC, CE	
Wireless		
Frequency Band	2.4~2.4835GHz	
	11n: up to 150Mbps (Automatic)	
Radio Data Rate	11g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6M (Automatic)	
	11b: 11/5.5/2/1M (Automatic)	
Frequency Expansion	DSSS (Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum)	
Modulation	DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, OFDM, 16-QAM, 64-QAM	
Security	WEP, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise, WPA/WPA2-Personal	
	130M: -68dBm@10% PER	
	108M: -68dBm@10% PER;	
Sensitivity @PER	54M: -68dBm@10% PER	
	11M: -85dBm@8% PER;	
	6M: -88dBm@10% PER	
	1M: -90dBm@8% PER	
Antenna Gain	One 5dBi detachable antenna	
Environmental and Physical		
Temperature.	Operating : 0°C~40°C (32°F [~] 104°F)	
	Storage: -40°C~70°C(-40°F~158°F)	
Humidity	Operating: 10% ~ 90% RH, Non-condensing	
	Storage: 5% ~ 90% RH, Non-condensing	

Appendix D: Glossary

- 802.11n 802.11n builds upon previous 802.11 standards by adding MIMO (multiple-input multiple-output). MIMO uses multiple transmitter and receiver antennas to allow for increased data throughput via spatial multiplexing and increased range by exploiting the spatial diversity, perhaps through coding schemes like Alamouti coding. The Enhanced Wireless Consortium (EWC) [3] was formed to help accelerate the IEEE 802.11n development process and promote a technology specification for interoperability of next-generation wireless local area networking (WLAN) products.
- 802.11b The 802.11b standard specifies a wireless networking at 11 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHz, and WEP encryption for security. 802.11b networks are also referred to as Wi-Fi networks.
- 802.11g specification for wireless networking at 54 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology, using OFDM modulation and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHz, and backward compatibility with IEEE 802.11b devices, and WEP encryption for security.
- DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) The capability of assigning a fixed host and domain name to a dynamic Internet IP Address.
- DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) A protocol that automatically configure the TCP/IP parameters for the all the PC(s) that are connected to a DHCP server.
- DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) A Demilitarized Zone allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing.
- DNS (Domain Name System) An Internet Service that translates the names of websites into IP addresses.
- **Domain Name -** A descriptive name for an address or group of addresses on the Internet.
- DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) A technology that allows data to be sent or received over existing traditional phone lines.
- > ISP (Internet Service Provider) A company that provides access to the Internet.
- MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) The size in bytes of the largest packet that can be transmitted.
- NAT (Network Address Translation) NAT technology translates IP addresses of a local area network to a different IP address for the Internet.
- PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) PPPoE is a protocol for connecting remote hosts to the Internet over an always-on connection by simulating a dial-up connection.
- SSID A Service Set Identification is a thirty-two character (maximum) alphanumeric key identifying a wireless local area network. For the wireless devices in a network to communicate with each other, all devices must be configured with the same SSID. This is typically the configuration parameter for a wireless PC card. It corresponds to the ESSID in the wireless Access Point and to the wireless network name.
- > WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) A data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit or 128-bit or

152-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11 standard.

- Wi-Fi A trade name for the 802.11b wireless networking standard, given by the Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance (WECA, see http://www.wi-fi.net), an industry standards group promoting interoperability among 802.11b devices.
- WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network) A group of computers and associated devices communicate with each other wirelessly, which network serving users are limited in a local area.

Appendix E: Compatible 3G/4G USB Modem

The UMTS/HSPA/EVDO USB modems we've tested in the field are listed below. You can find the latest compatibility list in our website: http://www.tp-link.com

Compatible 3G/4G USB Modem (Tested in the field)

HUAWEI	E398(4G), E392(4G), E122, E1262, E1550, E1552, E156, E156B, E156C,
	E156G, E160, E160E, E160G, E169, E1692, E169G, E173, E1750, E1752,
	E1756, E1762, E1782, E180, E1800, E1820, E182E, E220, E226, E230,
	E270, E272, E870, EC122, EC1260, EC1261, EC169, K3520, K3565, K3715,
	K3765, K4505, E368
ZTE	MF820D(4G), AC2726, AC2726i, AC2736, AC2766, AC581, K3565-Z,
	K3765-Z, K4505-Z,MF100, MF102, MF110, MF112, MF160, MF161, MF180,
	MF190, MF626, MF627, MF636, MF637, MF637U, MF645, MF668, MF668+,
	MU351, MF591, MF683
NOVATEL	U760
NOKIA	CS-10, CS-12, CS-15
ONDA	MSA501HS, MT833UP, MW100HS, MW833UP
ALCATEL	X060S, X070S, X080S
4G SYSTEM	XSStick W12
CSL	U1-TF, U1
SAMSUNG	SGH-H128
BANDRICH	BANDLUXE C321, C120
BLUE CUBE	H01
Blue-Link	BL-HD72A
вм	WM78
DLINK	DWM-151, DWM-152, DWM-156, DWM-652
E-TOUCH	WM78
GLBETRTTER	GI0452
HAIER	CE100, OLIVE VME110, WM200
HSDC	Hsdc-03
MWALKER	MBD-100HU
MYWAVE	FW2012T
OPTION	iCon 401
PANTECH	PX500
QISDA	H21
SIERRA	Aircard 330U(4G), Aircard 313U(4G), AC306, AirCard 881U, Compass 885U,
WIRELESS	Compass 889
SPRINT	U600
TELSEY	EVERYWEB HSUPA
LG	VL600(4G)
VENUS	VT18
VIRGIN	MC760